



	Welding machine Picotig 220 puls DC 5P	
099-002068-EW501	Observe additional system documents!	15.03.2024

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General instructions

\land WARNING

Read the operating instructions!

The operating instructions provide an introduction to the safe use of the products.

- Read and observe the operating instructions for all system components, especially the safety instructions and warning notices!
- Observe the accident prevention regulations and any regional regulations!
- The operating instructions must be kept at the location where the machine is operated.
- Safety and warning labels on the machine indicate any possible risks. Keep these labels clean and legible at all times.
- The machine has been constructed to state-of-the-art standards in line with any applicable regulations and industrial standards. Only trained personnel may operate, service and repair the machine.
- Technical changes due to further development in machine technology may lead to a differing welding behaviour.

In the event of queries on installation, commissioning, operation or special conditions at the installation site, or on usage, please contact your sales partner or our customer service department on +49 2680 181-0.

A list of authorised sales partners can be found at www.ewm-group.com/en/specialist-dealers.

Liability relating to the operation of this equipment is restricted solely to the function of the equipment. No other form of liability, regardless of type, shall be accepted. This exclusion of liability shall be deemed accepted by the user on commissioning the equipment.

The manufacturer is unable to monitor whether or not these instructions or the conditions and methods are observed during installation, operation, usage and maintenance of the equipment.

An incorrectly performed installation can result in material damage and injure persons as a result. For this reason, we do not accept any responsibility or liability for losses, damages or costs arising from incorrect installation, improper operation or incorrect usage and maintenance or any actions connected to this in any way.

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The content of this document has been prepared and reviewed with all reasonable care. The information provided is subject to change; errors excepted.

Data security

The user is responsible for backing up data of all changes from the factory setting. The user is liable for erased personal settings. The manufacturer does not assume any liability for this.



1 Contents

1	Cont	ents		3
2	For y	our safet	y	7
	2.1	Notes on	using these operating instructions	7
	2.2		ion of icons	
	2.3		structions	
	2.4		t and installation	
3	Inten	•		
Ŭ	3.1		ons	
	3.2		version	
	3.3		nts which also apply	
	0.0	3.3.1	Warranty	
		3.3.2	Declaration of Conformity	
		3.3.3	Welding in environments with increased electrical hazards	
		3.3.4	Service documents (spare parts and circuit diagrams)	
		3.3.5	Calibration/Validation	
		3.3.6	Part of the complete documentation	
л	Mach		ription – quick overview	
-	4.1		w / rear view	
	4.2		control – Operating elements	
	7.2	4.2.1	Overview of control sections	
		7.2.1	4.2.1.1 Control section A	
			4.2.1.2 Control section B	
	4.3	Operatin	g the machine control	
		4.3.1	Main screen	
		4.3.2	Welding parameter setting in the operation sequence	
		4.3.3	Setting advanced welding parameters (Expert menu)	
		4.3.4	Changing basic settings (machine configuration menu)	
		4.3.5	Lock function	
5	Desid	nn and fu	nction	22
•	5.1		t and installation	
	•••	5.1.1	Transport belt	
		•••••	5.1.1.1 Adjusting the length of the carrying strap	
		5.1.2	Ambient conditions	
		5.1.3	Machine cooling	
		5.1.4	Workpiece lead, general	
		5.1.5	Dirt filter	23
		5.1.6	Notes on the installation of welding current leads	24
		5.1.7	Mains connection	24
			5.1.7.1 Mains configuration	25
		5.1.8	Protective flap, welding machine control	26
		5.1.9	Wear part compartment	
	5.2		ling	
		5.2.1	Welding torch and workpiece line connection	
			5.2.1.1 Control lead connection	
		5.2.2	Shielding gas supply (shielding gas cylinder for welding machine)	
		5.2.3	Pressure regulator connection	
		504	5.2.3.1 Shielding gas hose connection	
		5.2.4	Setting the shielding gas volume (gas test)/rinse hose package	
		F 0 F	5.2.4.1 Automatic gas post-flow	
		5.2.5	Setting welding procedure	
		E 0.6	5.2.5.1 Basic setting (tungsten electrode diameter)	
		5.2.6	Arc ignition	
			5.2.6.1 HF ignition 5.2.6.2 Liftarc	
		5.2.7	5.2.6.3 Automatic cut-out Operating modes (functional sequences)	
		J.Z.1	5.2.7.1 Explanation of symbols	
			5.2.7.2 Non-latched mode	55



			5.2.7.3	Latched mode	34
			5.2.7.4	spotArc	35
			5.2.7.5	spotmatic	
		5.2.8		lding	
			5.2.8.1	Average value pulse welding	
		F O O	5.2.8.2	Automated pulses	
		5.2.9	-	torch (operating variants)	
			5.2.9.1 5.2.9.2	Welding torch mode Tapping function (tap torch trigger)	
			5.2.9.2	Up/down speed	
			5.2.9.4	Current jump	
		5.2.10		ot-operated remote control	
		0.2.10		Response	
				Start program	
				Start/stop operation	
		5.2.11		enu (TIG)	
	5.3			\[\] \[
		5.3.1		ng the electrode holder and workpiece lead	
		5.3.2		elding procedure	
		5.3.3	Hotstart.	· · · ·	43
			5.3.3.1	Hotstart current	44
			5.3.3.2	Hotstart time	44
		5.3.4			
		5.3.5			
		5.3.6		lding	
				Average value pulse welding	
	F 4	A		Automated pulses	
	5.4	-		on (USP)	
	F F	5.4.1 Demote	-	enu (MMA)	
	5.5	5.5.1		G 19Pol	
		5.5.1 5.5.2		G 19P0I POL	
		5.5.3			
		5.5.4		POL	
		5.5.5		52	
	5.6			e (Standby)	
	5.7		-		
	5.8			tion menu	
		5.8.1		, changing and saving parameters	
6	Maint	enance. o		disposal	
•	6.1				
	-	6.1.1			
		6.1.2	•		
	6.2	Maintena	nce work	intervals	52
		6.2.1		ntenance tasks	
		6.2.2		naintenance tasks	
		6.2.3		est (inspection and testing during operation)	
	6.3	Disposin	g of equip	ment	53
7	Recti				
	7.1	Software	version o	f the machine control	54
	7.2			ower source)	
	7.3				
	7.4			ring faults	
	7.5			evice	
	7.6			justment	
	7.7	-		parameters to the factory settings	
8					
	8.1			C 5P	
		8.1.1		Itage 230 V	
		8.1.2	Mains vo	Itage 120 V	66



9	Acce	ssories	67
	9.1	Shielding gas supply (shielding gas cylinder for welding machine)	67
	9.2	Transport system	67
	9.3	19-pole remote control	67
		9.3.1 Connection cables	67
	9.4	Option for retrofitting	67
	9.5	General accessories	67
10	Appe	ndix	68
	10.1	Parameter overview – setting ranges	68
		10.1.1 TIG welding	68
		10.1.2 MMA welding	69
		10.1.3 Basic parameters (independent of process)	69
		Average shielding gas usage	
	10.3	Searching for a dealer	70





2 For your safety

2.1 Notes on using these operating instructions

\land DANGER

Working or operating procedures which must be closely observed to prevent imminent serious and even fatal injuries.

- · Safety notes include the "DANGER" keyword in the heading with a general warning symbol.
- The hazard is also highlighted using a symbol on the edge of the page.

A WARNING

Working or operating procedures which must be closely observed to prevent serious and even fatal injuries.

- Safety notes include the "WARNING" keyword in the heading with a general warning symbol.
- The hazard is also highlighted using a symbol in the page margin.

Working or operating procedures which must be closely observed to prevent possible minor personal injury.

- The safety information includes the "CAUTION" keyword in its heading with a general warning symbol.
- The risk is explained using a symbol on the edge of the page.

Technical aspects which the user must observe to avoid material or equipment damage.

Instructions and lists detailing step-by-step actions for given situations can be recognised via bullet points, e.g.:

• Insert the welding current lead socket into the relevant socket and lock.

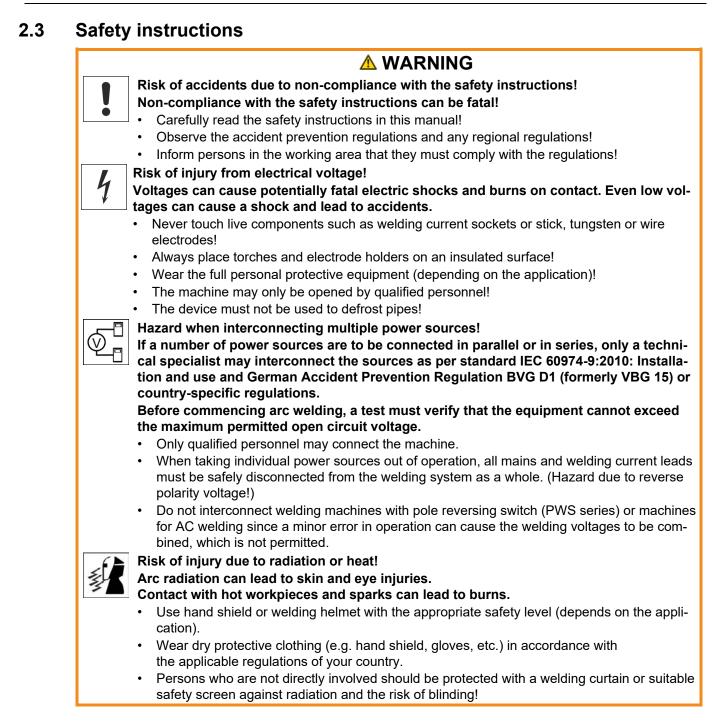
For your safety Explanation of icons



Explanation of icons 2.2

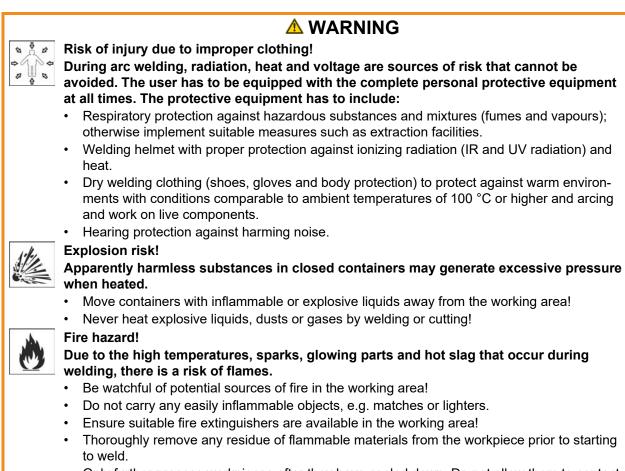
Symbol	Description	Symbol	Description
ß	Indicates technical aspects which the user must observe.	$\Leftrightarrow \widehat{\mathcal{O}}$	Activate and release / Tap / Tip
Ô	Switch off machine	ÞÐ	Release
	Switch on machine	T	Press and hold
	Incorrect / Invalid	ÛŊ	Switch
	Correct / Valid	ØŢ	Turn
•	Input	\square	Numerical value – adjustable
$\overline{\mathbf{O}}$	Navigation	-)	Signal light lights up in green
F	Output	•••••	Signal light flashes green
45	Time representation (e.g.: wait 4 s / ac- tuate)	-)	Signal light lights up in red
-11	Interruption in the menu display (other setting options possible)	•••••	Signal light flashes red
	Tool not required/do not use	-)	Signal light lights up in blue
የት	Tool required/use		Signal light flashes blue





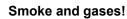
Safety instructions





• Only further process workpieces after they have cooled down. Do not allow them to contact any flammable materials!





Smoke and gases may lead to shortness of breath and poisoning! The ultraviolet radiation of the arc may also convert solvent vapours (chlorinated hydrocarbon) into poisonous phosgene.

- Ensure sufficient fresh air!
- Keep solvent vapours away from the arc beam field!
- Wear suitable respiratory protection if necessary!
- To prevent the formation of phosgene, residues of chlorinated solvents on workpieces must first be neutralised using appropriate measures.



Noise exposure!

Noise exceeding 70 dBA can cause permanent hearing damage!

- Wear suitable ear protection!
- Persons located within the working area must wear suitable ear protection!



According to IEC 60974-10, welding machines are divided into two classes of electromagnetic compatibility (the EMC class can be found in the Technical data) > see 8 chapter:

Class A machines are not intended for use in residential areas where the power supply comes from the low-voltage public mains network. When ensuring the electromagnetic compatibility of class A machines, difficulties can arise in these areas due to interference not only in the supply lines but also in the form of radiated interference.

Class B machines fulfil the EMC requirements in industrial as well as residential areas, including residential areas connected to the low-voltage public mains network.

Setting up and operating

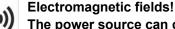
When operating arc welding systems, in some cases, electro-magnetic interference can occur although all of the welding machines comply with the emission limits specified in the standard. The user is responsible for any interference caused by welding.

In order to **evaluate** any possible problems with electromagnetic compatibility in the surrounding area, the user must consider the following: (see also EN 60974-10 Appendix A)

- Mains, control, signal and telecommunication lines
- · Radios and televisions
- Computers and other control systems
- · Safety equipment
- The health of neighbouring persons, especially if they have a pacemaker or wear a hearing aid
- Calibration and measuring equipment
- · The immunity to interference of other equipment in the surrounding area
- The time of day at which the welding work must be carried out

Recommendations for reducing interference emission

- Mains connection, e.g. additional mains filter or shielding with a metal tube
- Maintenance of the arc welding system
- Welding leads should be as short as possible and run closely together along the ground
- Potential equalization
- Earthing of the workpiece. In cases where it is not possible to earth the workpiece directly, it should be connected by means of suitable capacitors.
- Shielding from other equipment in the surrounding area or the entire welding system



The power source can create electrical or electromagnetic fields that may impair the function of electronic systems such as EDP and CNC devices, telecommunication, power and signal lines as well as pacemakers and defibrillators.

- Follow the maintenance instructions > see 6.2 chapter!
- Unwind the welding leads completely!
- Shield radiation-sensitive equipment or facilities appropriately!
- The function of pacemakers may be impaired (seek medical advice if necessary).

CAUTION Obligations of the operator!

The respective national directives and laws must be complied with when operating the machine!

- Implementation of national legislation relating to framework directive 89/391/EEC on the introduction of measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health of workers at work and associated individual guidelines.
- In particular, directive 89/655/EEC concerning the minimum safety and health requirements for the use of work equipment by workers at work.
- The regulations applicable to occupational safety and accident prevention in the country concerned.
- Setting up and operating the machine as per IEC 60974.-9.
- Brief the user on safety-conscious work practices on a regular basis.
- Regularly inspect the machine as per IEC 60974.-4.

The manufacturer's warranty becomes void if non-genuine parts are used!

- Only use system components and options (power sources, welding torches, electrode holders, remote controls, spare parts and replacement parts, etc.) from our range of products!
- Only insert and lock accessory components into the relevant connection socket when the machine is switched off.

Requirements for connection to the public mains network

High-performance machines can influence the mains quality by taking current from the mains network. For some types of machines, connection restrictions or requirements relating to the maximum possible line impedance or the necessary minimum supply capacity at the interface with the public network (Point of Common Coupling, PCC) can therefore apply. In this respect, attention is also drawn to the machines' technical data. In this case, it is the responsibility of the operator, where necessary in consultation with the mains network operator, to ensure that the machine can be connected.

2.4 Transport and installation

Risk of injury due to improper handling of shielding gas cylinders! Improper handling and insufficient securing of shielding gas cylinders can cause serious injuries!

- Observe the instructions from the gas manufacturer and any relevant regulations concerning the use of compressed air!
- Do not attach any element to the shielding gas cylinder valve!
- Prevent the shielding gas cylinder from heating up.







R C

13

	▲ CAUTION
\rightarrow	Risk of accidents due to supply lines!
©⊅́-	 During transport, attached supply lines (mains leads, control cables, etc.) can cause risks, e.g. by causing connected machines to tip over and injure persons! Disconnect all supply lines before transport!
\sum	Risk of tipping!
Ĩ	There is a risk of the machine tipping over and injuring persons or being damaged itself during movement and set up. Tilt resistance is guaranteed up to an angle of 10° (according to IEC 60974-1).
	 Set up and transport the machine on level, solid ground.
	Secure add-on parts using suitable equipment.
2	Risk of accidents due to incorrectly installed leads!
<u>X</u>	Incorrectly installed leads (mains, control and welding leads or intermediate hose pack- ages) can present a tripping hazard.
	 Lay the supply lines flat on the floor (avoid loops).
	 Avoid laying the leads on passage ways.
(((Risk of injury from heated coolant and its connections!
<u>}}}</u>	The coolant used and its connection or connection points can heat up significantly during operation (water-cooled version). When opening the coolant circuit, escaping
	coolant may cause scalding.
	• Open the coolant circuit only when the power source or cooling unit is switched off!
	Wear proper protective equipment (protective gloves)!
	Seal open connections of the hose leads with suitable plugs.
Operati	ts are designed for operation in an upright position! on in non-permissible positions can cause equipment damage. r transport and operate in an upright position!

- Accessory components and the power source itself can be damaged by incorrect connection!
 Only insert and lock accessory components into the relevant connection socket when the
- machine is switched off.
 Comprehensive descriptions can be found in the operating instructions for the relevant ac-
 - Comprehensive descriptions can be found in the operating instructions for the relevant accessory components.
- Accessory components are detected automatically after the power source is switched on.
- Protective dust caps protect the connection sockets and therefore the machine against dirt and damage.
 - The protective dust cap must be fitted if there is no accessory component being operated on that connection.
 - The cap must be replaced if faulty or if lost!

Applications



3 Intended use

§

\land WARNING

Hazards due to improper usage!

The machine has been constructed to the state of the art and any regulations and standards applicable for use in industry and trade. It may only be used for the welding procedures indicated at the rating plate. Hazards may arise for persons, animals and material objects if the equipment is not used correctly. No liability is accepted for any damages arising from improper usage!

- The equipment must only be used in line with its designated purpose and by trained or expert personnel!
- Do not improperly modify or convert the equipment!

3.1 Applications

Arc welding machines for TIG DC welding with lift arc (touch starting) or HF ignition (contactless) and MMA welding as secondary process. It may be possible to expand the functionality by using accessories (see the documentation in the relevant chapter).

3.2 Software version

The software version of the machine control can be displayed in the machine configuration menu (menu Srv) > see *5.8 chapter*.

3.3 Documents which also apply

3.3.1 Warranty

For more information refer to the "Warranty registration" brochure supplied and our information regarding warranty, maintenance and testing at <u>www.ewm-group.com</u>!

3.3.2 Declaration of Conformity

• This product corresponds in its design and construction to the EU directives listed in the declaration. The product comes with a relevant declaration of conformity in the original. The manufacturer recommends carrying out the safety inspection according to national and international standards and guidelines every 12 months (from commissioning).

3.3.3 Welding in environments with increased electrical hazards



Power sources with this marking can be used for welding in an environment with increased electrical hazard (e.g. boilers). For this purpose, appropriate national or international regulations must be followed. The power source must not be placed in the danger zone!

3.3.4 Service documents (spare parts and circuit diagrams)

No improper repairs and modifications! To prevent injuries and damage to the machine, only competent personnel (authorised service personnel) are allowed to repair or modify the machine. Unauthorised manipulations will invalidate the warranty!

• Instruct competent personnel (authorised service personnel) to repair the machine.

Original copies of the circuit diagrams are enclosed with the unit. Spare parts can be obtained from the relevant authorised dealer.

3.3.5 Calibration/Validation

An original certificate is enclosed with the product. The manufacturer recommends calibration / validation at intervals of 12 months (from commissioning).



3.3.6 Part of the complete documentation

This document is part of the complete documentation and valid only in combination with all other parts of these instructions! Read and observe the operating instructions for all system components, especially the safety instructions!

The illustration shows a general example of a welding system.

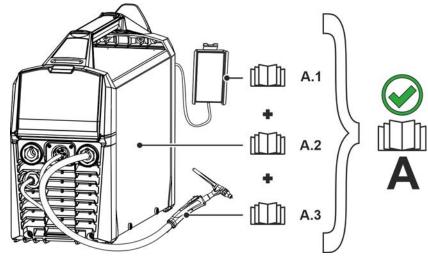


Figure 3-1

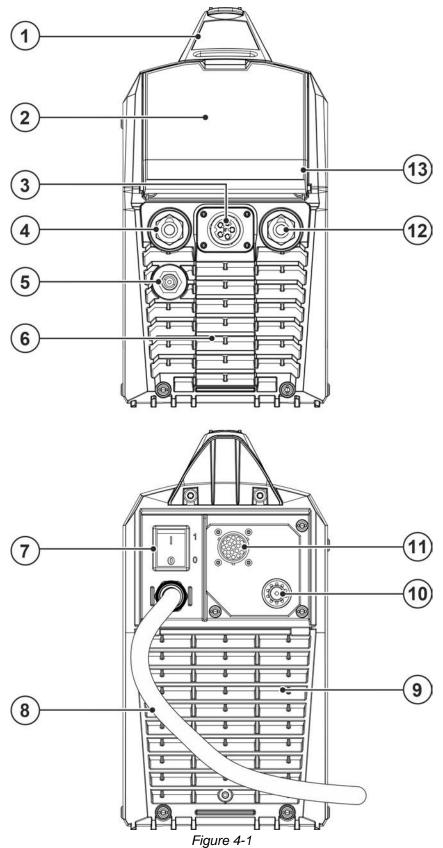
Item	Documentation
A.1	Remote control
A.2	Power source
A.3	Welding torch
Α	Complete documentation

Machine description – quick overview



Front view / rear view

- 4 Machine description quick overview
- 4.1 Front view / rear view





tem	Symbol	Description
1		Transport handle with additional integrated functions
		• Wear part compartment > see 5.1.9 chapter
		Transport belt > see 5.1.1 chapter
2		Machine control > see 4.2 chapter
3		Connection socket (welding torch control cable) > see 5.2.1.1 chapter
4		Connection socket, "+" welding current
		How to connect the accessories depends on the welding procedure. Please observe the connection description for the corresponding welding procedure <i>> see 5 chapter</i> .
5		Connection thread - G ¹ / ₄ "
		Shielding gas connection (outlet)
6		Cooling air outlet
7		Main Switch
		Switching the machine on or off.
8	3	Mains connection cable > see 5.1.7 chapter
9		Cooling air inlet
		Dirt filter optional > see 9 chapter
10		Connection thread - G ¹ / ₄ "
		Shielding gas connection (inlet)
11		Connection socket, 19-pole
		Remote control connection
12		Connection socket, "-" welding current
		How to connect the accessories depends on the welding procedure. Please observe
		the connection description for the corresponding welding procedure > see 5 chapter.
13		Protective cap > see 5.1.8 chapter

Machine control – Operating elements



4.2 Machine control – Operating elements

4.2.1 Overview of control sections

For description purposes, the machine control has been divided into two sections (A, B) to ensure maximum clarity. The setting ranges for the parameter values are summarised in the parameter overview section > see 10.1 chapter.



Figure 4-2

Item	Symbol	Description
1		Control section A
		> see 4.2.1.1 chapter
2		Control section B
		> see 4.2.1.2 chapter
3		Click wheel
	$((\mathcal{B}))$	Setting the welding power
	\bigcirc	Navigate through menu and parameters
		Setting the parameter values depending on the preselection.
4		Push-button for operating modes > see 5.2.7 chapter
	•	H Non-latched
		HH Latched
		spotArc - Spot welding procedure spotArc
		spotmatic Spot welding procedure spotmatic
5		Push-button for welding procedure
	•	TIG-welding
		MMA welding
		MMA Cel welding (characteristics for cellulose electrode)
6	R	Push-button for shielding gas / lock function
	90	• Shielding gas > see 5.2.2 chapter
	-4	Lock function > see 4.3.5 chapter



4.2.1.1 **Control section A**

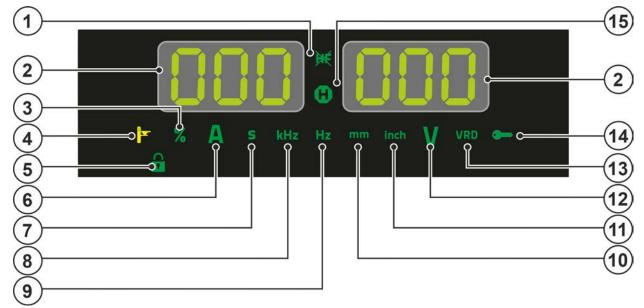
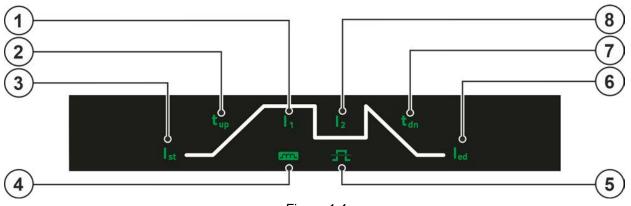


Figure 4-3

		i iguio 4 o
ltem	Symbol	Description
1	ÌHÉ	TIG ignition type signal light
	, ,	Signal light on: Lift arc ignition active/HF start off. You can switch the ignition type in the
		Expert menu (TIG) > see 5.2.6 chapter.
2	000	Machine display
		The machine displays primarily show the welding power as a nominal value in terms of
		current and voltage. Other machine or welding parameters and their values are dis- played depending on the current operation > see 10.1 chapter.
3	%	Signal light - display value in per cent
4	× ×	Excess temperature signal light
•	•	In case of excess temperature, temperature monitors de-activate the power unit, and
		the excess temperature control lamp comes on. Once the machine has cooled down,
		welding can continue without any further measures.
5	•	Signal light for lock function > see 4.3.5 chapter
6	Α	Welding current signal light
		Display of the welding current in amperes.
7	S	Signal light - display value in seconds
8	kHz	Signal light - display value in kilohertz
9	Hz	Signal light - display value in hertz
10	mm	Signal light - display value in millimetres
11	inch	Signal light - display value in inch
12	V	Signal light welding voltage
	v	Illuminates when the welding voltage is displayed in volts.
13		Without function in this machine version.
14		Access control active signal light
	•	Signal light is on when access control is active on the machine con-
	_	trol > see 5.7 chapter.
15	0	Signal light for status display
		After each completed welding process, the last values used for welding current and vol-
		tage are shown in the displays and the signal light is on.



4.2.1.2 Control section B





ltem	Symbol	Description		
1	I ₁	Signal light for main current 💷		
2	t _{up}	Signal light for up-slope time EUP		
3	lst	Signal light for start current [5]		
4	ž	Signal light for Arcforce (welding characteristics) > see 5.3.4 chapter		
5		Signal light, pulse welding > see 5.2.8 chapter		
		is not on: Function is switched off		
		lights up green: Average value pulsing is activated		
		lights up red: Automatic pulsing is activated		
6	l _{ed}	Signal light for end current <i>I Ed</i>		
7	t _{dn}	Signal light for down-slope time Edn		
8	I2	Signal light for secondary current [2]		



4.3 Operating the machine control

4.3.1 Main screen

After switching on the machine or finishing a setting, the machine control changes to the main screen. This means that the previously selected settings are accepted (if necessary, indicated by signal lights) and the nominal value of the current (A) is shown in the welding data display on the left. The welding data display on the right shows the nominal value for the preselected welding voltage (V). The control changes back to the main screen after 4 s.

4.3.2 Welding parameter setting in the operation sequence

Set a welding parameter in the functional sequence by clicking (select) and turning the click wheel (navigate to the desired parameter). Press again to apply the selected parameter as the setting (the parameter value and the corresponding signal light flash). Then turn to set the parameter value.

4.3.3 Setting advanced welding parameters (Expert menu)

The Expert menu contains functions and parameters that cannot be set directly on the machine control or for which regular settings are not required. The number and display of these parameters depend on the previously selected welding procedure or functions.

To select, press and hold the click wheel (> 2 s). Select the appropriate parameter / menu item by turning (navigating) and pressing (confirming) the click wheel.

The control changes from the Expert parameters back to the main view if there is no activity (4 s). When a parameter is selected for adjustment, a long press on the click wheel or 30 seconds of inactivity will switch back to the main view.

4.3.4 Changing basic settings (machine configuration menu)

The basic welding system functions can be adjusted in the machine configuration menu. Only experienced users should change the settings > see 5.8 chapter.

4.3.5 Lock function

The lock function indicated by the signal light $\hat{\mathbf{m}}$ protects against accidental adjustment of the machine settings. All operating elements are disabled when the feature is enabled. The welding process cannot be started when the lock is activated. Press and hold (> 2 s) the push-button $\frac{1}{2}$ to enable or disable the function.

Transport and installation



5 Design and function

MARNING

- Risk of injury from electrical voltage!
- Contact with live parts, e.g. power connections, can be fatal!
- Observe the safety information on the first pages of the operating instructions!
- Commissioning must be carried out by persons who are specifically trained in handling power sources!
- · Connect connection or power cables while the machine is switched off!

Read and observe the documentation to all system and accessory components!

5.1 Transport and installation

A WARNING

Risk of accident due to improper transport of machines that must not be lifted! Do not lift or suspend the machine! The machine can drop and cause injuries! The handles, straps or brackets are suitable for transport by hand only!

• The machine must not be suspended or lifted using a crane.

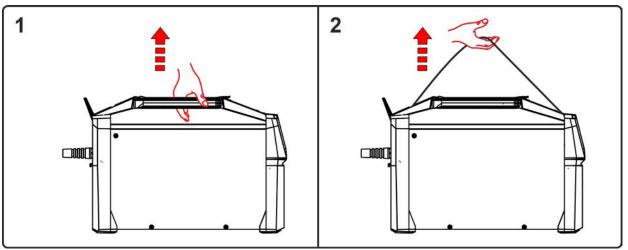
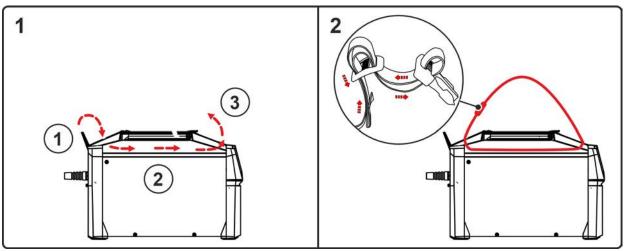


Figure 5-1

The machine can be carried either centrally on the transport handle (1) or using the transport belt (2).

5.1.1 Transport belt

5.1.1.1 Adjusting the length of the carrying strap







5.1.2 Ambient conditions

- The machine must not be operated in the open air and must only be set up and operated on a suitable, stable and level base!
 - The operator must ensure that the ground is non-slip and level, and provide sufficient lighting for the place of work.
 - Safe operation of the machine must be guaranteed at all times.

Machine damage due to contamination!

Unusually high amounts of dust, acid, corrosive gas or substances may damage the machine (note the maintenance intervals > see 6.2 chapter).

• Prevent high amounts of smoke, weld spatter, steam, oil vapour, grinding dust and corrosive ambient air from developing!

In operation

Temperature range of the ambient air:

-25 °C to +40 °C (-13 °F to 104 °F)

Relative humidity:

- up to 50 % at 40 °C (104 °F)
- up to 90 % at 20 °C (68 °F)

Transport and storage

Storage in a closed room, temperature range of the ambient air:

-30 °C to +70 °C (-22 °F to 158 °F)

Relative humidity

• up to 90 % at 20 °C (68 °F)

5.1.3 Machine cooling

Insufficient ventilation results in a reduction in performance and equipment damage.

- Observe the ambient conditions!
- Keep the cooling air inlet and outlet clear!
- Observe the minimum distance of 0.5 m from obstacles!

5.1.4 Workpiece lead, general



Risk of burning due to incorrect welding current connection! If the welding current plugs (machine connections) are not locked or if the workpiece connection is contaminated (paint, corrosion), these connections and leads can heat up

and cause burns when touched!

- Check welding current connections on a daily basis and lock by turning to the right when necessary.
- Clean workpiece connection thoroughly and secure properly. Do not use structural parts of the workpiece as welding current return lead!

5.1.5 Dirt filter

These accessory components can be retrofitted as an option > see 9 chapter.

When using a dirt filter, the cooling air throughput is reduced and the duty cycle of the machine is reduced as a result. The duty cycle decreases with the increasing contamination of the filter. The dirt filter must be remove at regular intervals and cleaned by blowing out with compressed air (depending on the level of soiling).

Design and function

Transport and installation



5.1.6 Notes on the installation of welding current leads

Use an individual welding lead to the workpiece for each welding machine!

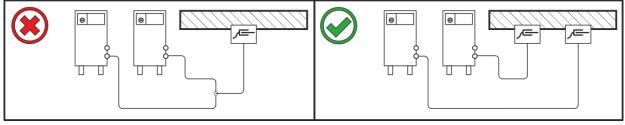


Figure 5-3

- Fully unroll welding current leads, torch hose packages and intermediate hose packages. Avoid loops!
- Always keep leads as short as possible!

Lay any excess cable lengths in meanders.



Figure 5-4

5.1.7 Mains connection

\land DANGER

- Hazards caused by improper mains connection!
 - An improper mains connection can cause injuries or damage property!
 - The connection (mains plug or cable), the repair or voltage adjustment of the device must be carried out by a qualified electrician in accordance with the respective local laws or national regulations!
 - The mains voltage indicated on the rating plate must match the supply voltage.
 - Only operate machine using a socket that has correctly fitted protective earth.
 - Mains plug, socket and lead must be checked by a qualified electrician on a regular basis!
 - When operating the generator, always ensure it is earthed as stipulated in the operating instructions. The network created must be suitable for operating machines according to protection class I.
- To operate with a 120 V mains supply voltage, the standard mains plug must be removed and replaced with a suitable mains plug by a qualified electrician > see 8.1.2 chapter.



5.1.7.1 Mains configuration

The machine may only be connected to a one-phase system with two conductors and an earthed neutral conductor.

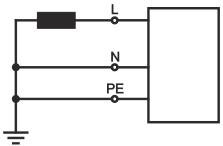


Figure 5-5

Legend		
ltem	Designation	Colour code
L	Outer conductor	brown
N	Neutral conductor	blue
PE	Protective conductor	green-yellow

• Insert mains plug of the switched-off machine into the appropriate socket.



5.1.8 Protective flap, welding machine control

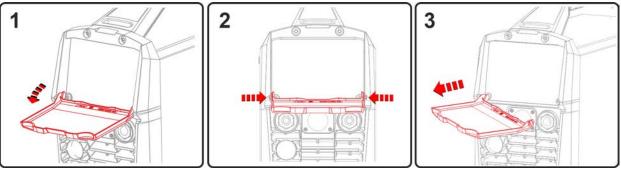


Figure 5-6

- Open the protective cap.
- Apply slight pressure to the left and/or right connecting bridge (illustration) until the protective cap can be removed.

5.1.9 Wear part compartment

The transport handle of this machine series holds a wear parts compartment for storing typical small wear parts. The compartment is closed with a plastic flap.

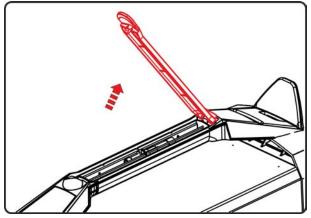


Figure 5-7



5.2 TIG welding

5.2.1 Welding torch and workpiece line connection

Prepare welding torch according to the welding task in hand (see operating instructions for the torch).

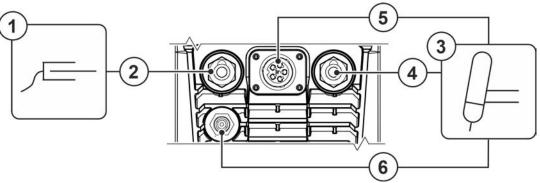


Figure 5-8

Item	Symbol	Description
1	Ţ	Workpiece
2	╺╉╼	Connection socket for "+" welding current Workpiece lead connection
3	<u> </u>	Welding torch
4		"-" Welding current connection socket TIG welding torch welding current lead connection
5		Welding torch control cable > see 5.2.1.1 chapter
6		Shielding gas hose

- Insert the cable plug on the work piece lead into the "+" welding current connection socket and lock by turning to the right.
- Insert the welding current plug on the welding torch into the welding current connection socket and lock by turning to the right.
- Remove yellow protective cap on G¼ connecting nipple.
- Screw welding torch shielding gas connection tightly onto the G¹/₄" connection nipple.
- Plug the welding torch control cable plug into the welding torch control cable connection socket and secure.

5.2.1.1 Control lead connection

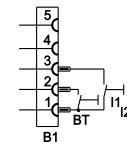


Figure 5-9



5.2.2 Shielding gas supply (shielding gas cylinder for welding machine)

MARNING

Risk of injury due to improper handling of shielding gas cylinders! Improper handling and insufficient securing of shielding gas cylinders can cause serious injuries!

- Observe the instructions from the gas manufacturer and any relevant regulations concerning the use of compressed air!
- Do not attach any element to the shielding gas cylinder valve!
- Prevent the shielding gas cylinder from heating up.
- An unhindered shielding gas supply from the shielding gas cylinder to the welding torch is a fundamental requirement for optimum welding results. In addition, a blocked shielding gas supply may result in the welding torch being destroyed.
 - Always re-fit the yellow protective cap when not using the shielding gas connection.
 - All shielding gas connections must be gas tight.

5.2.3 Pressure regulator connection

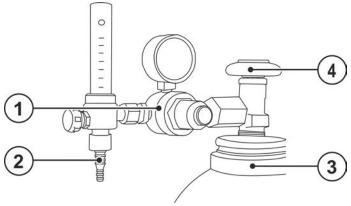


Figure 5-10

Item	Symbol	Description
1		Pressure regulator
2		Output side of the pressure regulator
3		Shielding gas cylinder
4		Cylinder valve

• Before connecting the pressure regulator to the gas cylinder, open the cylinder valve briefly to blow out any dirt.

• Tighten the pressure regulator screw connection on the gas bottle valve to be gas-tight.

· Screw the gas hose connection to the outlet side of the pressure regulator gas-tight.



5.2.3.1 Shielding gas hose connection

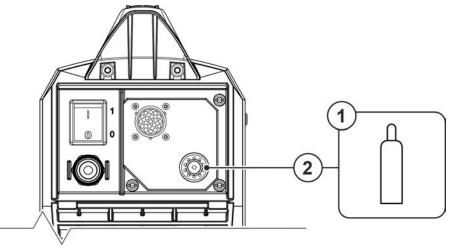


Figure 5-11

Item	Symbol	Description
1		Shielding gas cylinder
2		Connection thread - G¼" Shielding gas connection (inlet)

• Screw the gas hose connection nipple onto the G¹/₄" connection nipple.

5.2.4 Setting the shielding gas volume (gas test)/rinse hose package

- Slowly open the gas cylinder valve.
- Open the pressure regulator.
- Switch on the power source at the main switch.
- Set the relevant gas quantity for the application on the pressure regulator.
- The gas test can be activated at the machine control by pressing the Gas test \$\vec{\vec{\vec{P}}}\$ push-button > see 4.2 chapter.

Setting the shielding gas quantity (gas test)

• Shielding gas flows for 20 s or until the push-button is pressed again.

If the shielding gas setting is too low or too high, this can introduce air to the weld pool and may cause pores to form. Adjust the shielding gas quantity to suit the welding task!

Setting instructions: The gas nozzle diameter in mm corresponds to the gas flow in I/min. Helium-rich gas mixtures require a higher gas volume!

The table below can be used to correct the gas volume calculated where necessary:

Shielding gas	Factor
75% Ar/25% He	1.14
50% Ar/50% He	1.35
25% Ar/75% He	1.75
100% He	3.16

5.2.4.1 Automatic gas post-flow

When the function is enabled, the machine control adjusts the gas post-flow time depending on the output. The adjustable gas post-flow time relates to the maximum possible current of the power source and decreases linearly.

The automatic gas post-flow function $\Box PR$ can be enabled or disabled in the machine configuration menu > see 5.8 chapter. With the function enabled, the parameters $\Box PE$ and RUE for automatic are displayed alternately when the gas post-flow time is selected.



5.2.5 Setting welding procedure

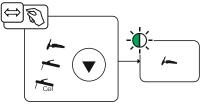


Figure 5-12

5.2.5.1 Basic setting (tungsten electrode diameter)

Setting the tungsten electrode diameter \boxed{ndR} presets the ignition energy and minimum current limit optimally. Smaller electrode diameters require less ignition energy than larger electrode diameters. With the selection of the electrode diameter, a minimum current limit is set that in turn affects the start, main and secondary currents. Minimum current limits prevent an unstable arc at low currents. If necessary, the minimum current limits can be disabled with the parameter \boxed{cLT} in the machine configuration menu > see 5.8 chapter. When using a foot-operated remote control, the minimum current limits are disabled by default.

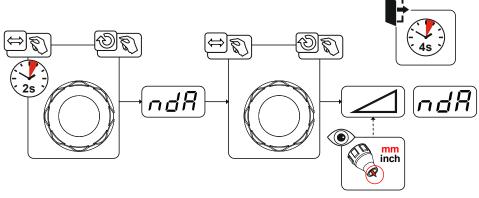
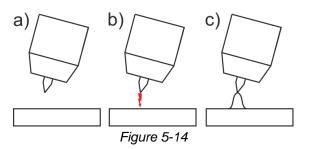


Figure 5-13



5.2.6 Arc ignition



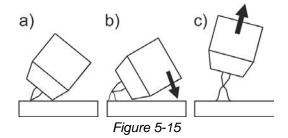


The arc is started without contact using high-voltage ignition pulses:

- a) Position the welding torch in the welding position above the workpiece (distance between the electrode tip and the workpiece approx. 2-3 mm).
- b) Press the torch trigger (high-voltage ignition pulses start the arc).
- c) Depending on the selected operating mode, the welding current flows with the set start or main current.

Ending the welding process: Release the torch trigger or press and release depending on the selected operating mode.

5.2.6.2 Liftarc



The arc is ignited on contact with the workpiece:

- a) Carefully place the torch gas nozzle and tungsten electrode tip onto the workpiece and press the torch trigger (liftarc current flowing, regardless of the main current set).
- b) Incline the torch over the torch gas nozzle to produce a gap of approx. 2-3 mm between the electrode tip and the workpiece. The arc ignites and the welding current is increased, depending on the operating mode set, to the ignition or main current set.
- c) Lift off the torch and swivel to the normal position.

Ending the welding process: Release or press the torch trigger depending on the operating mode selected.

5.2.6.3 Automatic cut-out

The automatic cut-out triggered by two states ends the welding process after the error times have elapsed:

• During ignition

3 s after the start of the welding process, no welding current flows (ignition error).

During welding

The arc is interrupted for more than 5 s (arc interruption). You can disable or set the time for re-ignition after an arc interruption in the machine configuration menu > see 5.8 chapter (parameter $\boxed{I \ ER}$).



Operating modes (functional sequences) 5.2.7

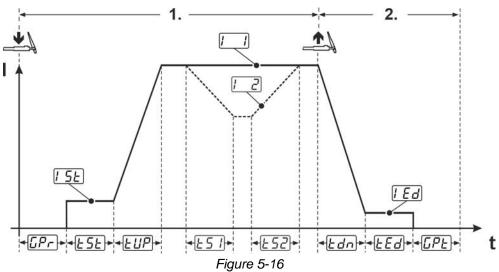
Explanation of symbols 5.2.7.1

Symbol	Meaning
_ \	Press torch trigger 1
	Release torch trigger 1
<u> </u>	Current
t	Time
<u>GPr</u>	Gas pre-flow
1 <u>5</u> 2	Start current
<u>E S E</u>	Start time
EUP	Up-slope time
ĿΡ	Spot time
1 1	Main current (minimum to maximum current)
12	Secondary current
I PL	Pulse current (average value pulsing)
ЬAL	Balance (average value pulsing)
FrE	Frequency (average value pulsing)
E5 /	Slope time from main current to secondary current
E52	Slope time from secondary current to main current
Edn	Down-slope time
I Ed	End current
EEd	End current time
БРЕ	Gas post-flow



5.2.7.2 Non-latched mode





1st cycle:

- Press and hold torch trigger 1.
- The gas pre-flow time *[_P_r*] expires (shielding gas flows).
- The arc is ignited (HF ignition).
- The start current [5] flows for the start time [5].
- The welding current increases in the up-slope time *LUP* to the main current *I*.

2nd cycle:

- Release torch trigger 1.
- The main current [] drops during the down-slope time <u>Ldn</u> to the end current [<u>Ld</u>].
 When the 1st torch trigger is pressed during the down-slope time <u>Ldn</u>, the current increases again to the main current [].
- The end current *IEd* flows for the end current time *EEd*.
- The arc extinguishes.
- The gas post-flow time *GPE* expires (the shielding gas is shut down).

Secondary current

In each current phase, you can switch to the secondary current $\boxed{12}$ using the slope times $\boxed{151}$ and $\boxed{152}$. The slope times can be set in the Expert menu > see 5.2.11 chapter.

Two options for switching to secondary current:

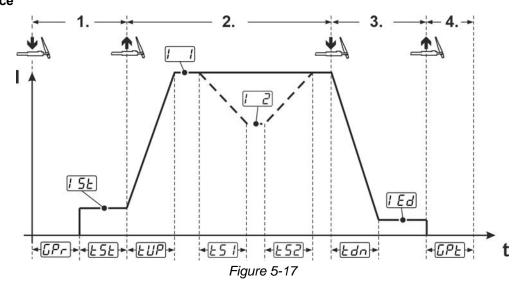
- Hold torch trigger 2.
- Tap the torch trigger 1 (only during the down-slope and end current phase with the tap end function switched off <u>LPE</u>).

Design and function

TIG welding



5.2.7.3 Latched mode Sequence



1st cycle

- Press the torch trigger 1
- The gas pre-flow time *LPr* expires (shielding gas flows).
- The arc is ignited (HF ignition).
- The start current [5] flows as long as the torch trigger is held, but at least for the start time E5].

2nd cycle

- Release torch trigger 1.
- The welding current increases in the up-slope time *LUP* to the main current *LUP*.

3rd cycle

- Press torch trigger 1.
- The main current I drops during the down-slope time Edn to the end current IEd.

4th cycle

- Release torch trigger 1.
- The arc extinguishes.
- The gas post-flow time *LPE* expires (the shielding gas is shut down).

Secondary current

In each current phase, you can switch to the secondary current $\boxed{2}$ using the slope times $\boxed{51}$ and $\boxed{52}$. The slope times can be set in the Expert menu > see 5.2.11 chapter.

Two options for switching to secondary current:

- Hold torch trigger 2.
- Tap torch trigger 1.

Alternative welding start (tap start):

The tap start function $\underline{\mathbb{EP5}}$ must be switched on before using it. With the alternative welding start, the duration of the first and second cycle is only specified by the set process times (tapping the torch trigger in the gas pre-low phase $\underline{\mathbb{EPr}}$).

Alternative welding end (tap end):

With the alternative welding end, the process is ended immediately by tapping the torch trigger in the main-current phase (gas post-flow time expires).

The tap end function *LPE* must be switched on before using it (this disables tapping on the secondary current).



5.2.7.4 spotArc

This process is suitable for tack welding or joint welding of metal sheets made from steel and CrNi alloys up to a thickness of approximately 2.5 mm. Metal sheets of different thicknesses can also be welded on top of one another. As this is a one-sided process, it is also possible to weld metal sheets onto tubular sections such as round or square pipes. In arc spot welding, the arc melts through the upper metal sheet and the lower metal sheet is melted onto it. This produces flat, fine-textured welding tacks which require little or no post weld work, even in visible areas.

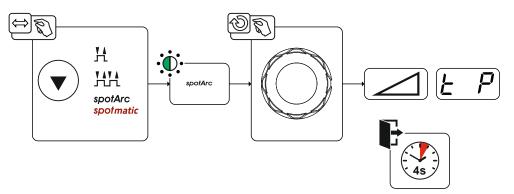
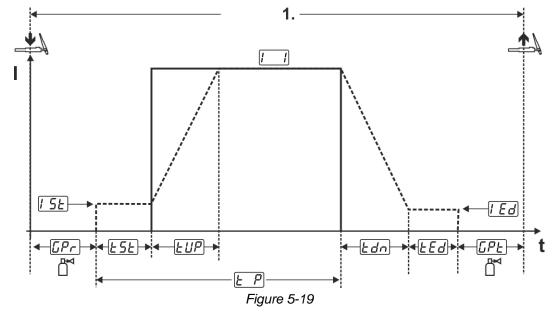


Figure 5-18

With the spotArc function enabled, automated pulsing is activated as well. If required, pulse welding can also be deactivated using the parameter *Pull* or switched between the pulse variants average value pulsing or automated pulsing.

To achieve an effective result, the slope times EUP and Edn are deactivated after the function spotArc has been activated. If required, the slope times can also be activated and displayed using the parameter SLo in this operating mode.

Example display with factory settings of the parameters:



Procedure:

- Press and hold the torch trigger.
- The gas pre-flow time elapses.
- The HF ignition pulses jump from the electrode to the workpiece. The arc ignites.
- HF switches off.
- The welding current flows and immediately assumes the value of the start current [ISE].
- The start current [5] flows for the ignition current time 5].
- The welding current ramps up to the main current *LUP* within the set up-slope time *I*.
- The process ends when the set spotArc time E P expires or by releasing the torch trigger prematurely.

Design and function

TIG welding

5.2.7.5 spotmatic

In contrast to the spotArc operating mode, the arc is not started by pressing the torch trigger as in the conventional method, but by briefly placing the tungsten electrode 5PP on the workpiece. The torch trigger is used to enable the welding process. The activation is indicated by flashing of the spotArc®/spotmatic signal light. The separate process activation 55P and the short setting range 5E5 of the spot time EP are activated by default with spotmatic.

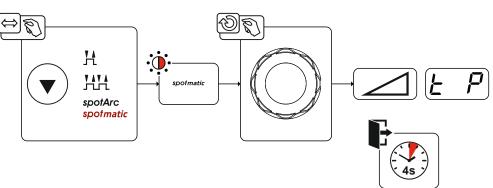
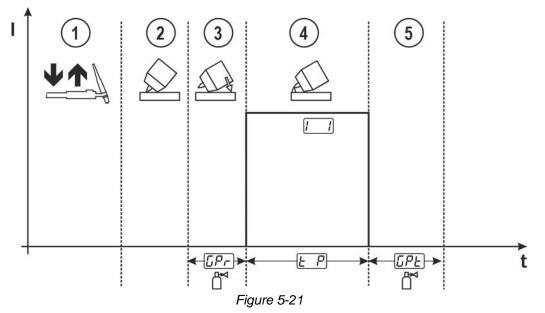


Figure 5-20





Example display with factory settings of the parameters:



- ① Tap the torch trigger to activate the welding process.
- ② Place the torch gas nozzle and tungsten electrode tip carefully on the workpiece.
- ③ Incline the welding torch over the torch gas nozzle until there is a gap of approx. 2-3 mm between the electrode tip and the workpiece. Shielding gas flows with the set gas pre-flow time CPr. The arc ignites and the previously set main current I flows.
- ④ The main current phase l ends when the set spot time \mathbb{E}^{P} elapses.
- S The gas post-flow time LPE elapses and the welding process ends.

The following parameter settings can be adjusted in the machine configuration menu > see 5.8 chapter.

- Separate process activation (<u>55P</u> > <u>on</u>): The welding process must be re-enabled before each arc striking by tapping the torch trigger. Process activation is automatically terminated after 30 s of inactivity.
- Permanent process activation (<u>55P</u> > <u>aFF</u>): The welding process is enabled by tapping the torch trigger once. The following arc striking processes are initiated by briefly placing the tungsten electrode on the workpiece. Process activation is terminated either by tapping the torch trigger again or automatically after 30 s of inactivity.
- Process start by placing the tungsten electrode on the workpiece (577) > 07).
- Process start by tapping the torch trigger (<u>5,77</u> > <u>oFF</u>).
- Short setting range of spot time (<u>525</u> > <u>an</u>).
- Long setting range of spot time (<u>5+5</u> > <u>oFF</u>).
 In this case, the procedure is the same as for spotArc.



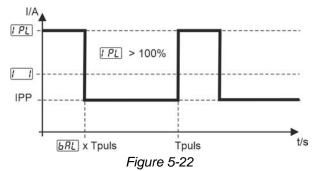
5.2.8 Pulse welding

5.2.8.1 Average value pulse welding

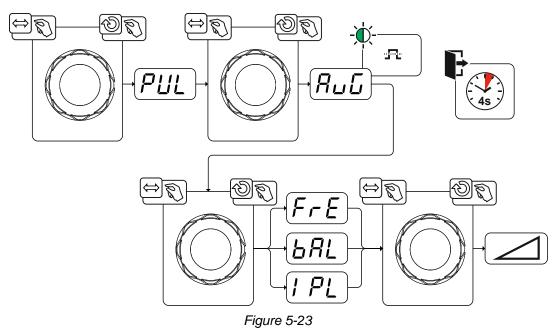
A special feature with average value pulses is that the power source will always maintain the preset average value. This makes this method especially suitable for welding according to welding procedure specifications.

For average value pulsing $\underline{\mathbb{R}_{uL}}$, switching takes place periodically between two currents whereby an average current value $\underline{\mathbb{R}_{uL}}$, a pulse current $\underline{\mathbb{R}_{uL}}$, pulse balance ($\underline{\mathbb{R}_{nL}}$) and pulse frequency ($\underline{\mathbb{R}_{nL}}$) must be specified. The set average current value in amperes is decisive. The pulse current is specified as a percentage of the average value current.

The pulse pause current (IPP) is not set. This value is calculated by the machine control to ensure that the average value of the welding current is maintained.

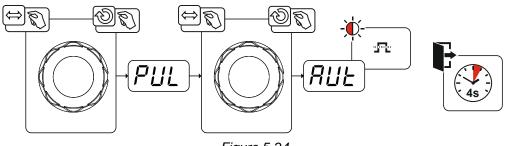


Setting the pulse current, pulse frequency and pulse balance



5.2.8.2 Automated pulses

The current-dependent pulse frequency and balance create vibrations in the weld pool that have a positive effect on the gap bridging. The machine control specifies the required pulse parameters automatically.





5.2.9 Welding torch (operating variants)

5.2.9.1 Welding torch mode

The operating elements (torch triggers or rockers) and their function can be individually adjusted using different torch modes. Up to four modes are available to the user. The tables for the corresponding torch types describe the functional options.

Explanation of symbols for welding torch:

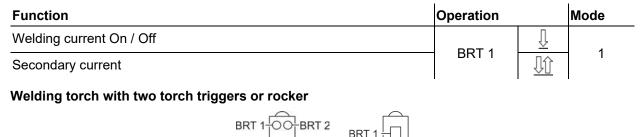
Symbol	Description	
$\overline{\mathbb{L}}$	Press torch trigger	
	Tap torch trigger	
	Tap torch trigger and then press	
BRT 1, 2	2 Torch trigger 1 or 2	
UP	IP Torch trigger UP - increase the value	
DOWN	Torch trigger DOWN - decrease the value	

The torch modes are set using the torch configuration parameters " $\lfloor rd \rfloor$ " in the machine configuration menu > torch mode " $\lfloor rd \rfloor$ " > see 5.8 chapter.

Only the modes listed are suitable for the corresponding torch types.

Welding torch with one torch trigger



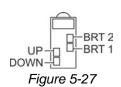




Function	Operation		Mode
Welding current On / Off		Ţ	
Secondary current	- BRT 1		1
Secondary current	BRT 2	Ţ	-
Welding current On / Off		Ţ	
Secondary current	- BRT 1 + 2		
Increase welding current (up/down speed)	BRT 1	Ţ	2
Decrease welding current (up/down speed)	BRT 2	Ţ	
Welding current On / Off		Ţ	
Secondary current	- BRT 1		
Increase welding current (up/down speed)	BRT 2		3
Decrease welding current (up/down speed)		Ţ	



TIG function torch, Retox XQ



Function	Operation		Mode
Welding current On / Off		Ţ	
Secondary current	BRT 1		
Secondary current	BRT 2	$\overline{\mathbb{L}}$	1
Increase welding current (up/down speed)	UP	Ţ	
Decrease welding current (up/down speed)	DOWN	Ţ	
Welding current On / Off	BRT 1	Ţ	
Secondary current		IJĵ	
Secondary current	BRT 2	Ţ	4
Increase welding current in steps (current jump)	UP	$\overline{\mathbb{T}}$	
Decrease welding current in steps (current jump)	DOWN	$\overline{\mathbb{T}}$	

5.2.9.2 Tapping function (tap torch trigger)

Tapping function: Swiftly tap the torch trigger to change the function. The set torch mode determines the operating mode.

The tapping function can be selected separately for each torch mode for the start of welding with parameter $\underline{\Bbbk P \underline{F}}$ and for the end of welding with parameter $\underline{\Bbbk P \underline{F}}$. If parameter $\underline{\Bbbk P \underline{F}}$ is activated, there is no need to tap the secondary current.

5.2.9.3 Up/down speed

Functionality

Press and hold the up push-button:

Increase current up to the maximum value (main current) set in the power source.

Press and hold the down push-button:

Decrease current to the minimum value.

Use the machine configuration menu > see 5.8 chapter to set the up/down speed parameter \overline{uUd} which determines the speed with which a current change becomes effective.

5.2.9.4 Current jump

By tapping the corresponding torch trigger the welding current can be determined in an adjustable jump range. Each tap will cause the welding current to jump up or down by the defined value.

The "current jump" parameter d is set in the machine configuration menu > see 5.8 chapter.

5.2.10 RTF 1 foot-operated remote control

The remote control allows the continuous adjustment of the welding current (0% to 100%) depending on the preselected main current \boxed{l} on the welding machine.

Further individual parameter settings affect the remote control behaviour:

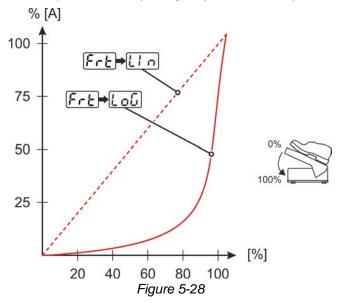
- Switching between linear and logarithmic responses Fre.
- Start program **5***Fr* to optimise the arc stability.
- Start/stop operation *Feo* to start and end the welding process without setting the current using the remote control.



5.2.10.1 Response

This function controls the responsiveness of the welding current during the main current phase. The user can choose between linear and logarithmic responsiveness. The logarithmic setting is particularly suitable for welding with low current, e.g., for thin panels as the logarithmic responsiveness enables better control of the welding current.

The responsiveness function can be switched in the machine configuration menu between the parameters for linear and logarithmic responsiveness (factory set) > see 5.8 chapter.



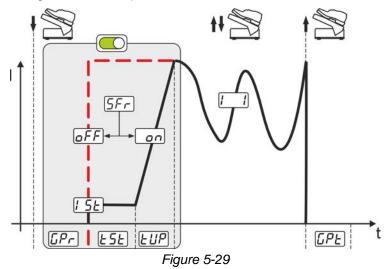
5.2.10.2 Start program

The start program "<u>[5F-</u>" can be enabled or disabled in the machine configuration menu > see 5.8 chapter. **Enabled start program**

At the start of the process, the start program ensures the necessary arc stability until the main current " $[\underline{LLP}]$ " is reached. The start current " $[\underline{LLP}]$ ", the ignition current time " $[\underline{LLP}]$ " and the ramp " $[\underline{LLP}]$ " can be adjusted individually according to the welding task. In the main program, the welding current can be freely regulated using the foot-operated remote control (factory setting).

Disabled start program

Without the start program, the current jumps immediately to the main current (according to the specification of the foot-operated remote control). The start current " $\boxed{15E}$ " can be used for arc stabilisation. In this case, the operation with the foot-operated remote control is only enabled when the start current is exceeded. Until then, the welding current corresponds to the start current " $\boxed{15E}$ ".





5.2.10.3 Start/stop operation

Start/stop operation " $[F_{bo}]$ " can be enabled or disabled in the machine configuration menu > see 5.8 chapter.

Enabled start/stop operation

The foot-operated remote control is no longer used to specify the welding current, but rather starts or ends the welding process (see torch trigger). As in normal operation, the welding current is specified using the power source control or the welding torch with the up/down function. All operating modes (non-latched, latched, etc.) can be selected.

Disabled start/stop operation

The welding current is specified using the foot-operated remote control. In this setting, only the nonlatched operating mode is possible. (factory setting).

5.2.11 Expert menu (TIG)

The Expert menu has adjustable parameters stored that don't require regular setting. The number of parameters shown may be limited, e.g. if a function is deactivated.

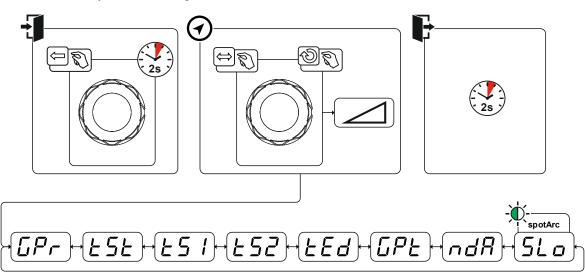


Figure 5-30

Display	Setting/selection
[Pr	Gas pre-flow time
ESE	Start time (duration of start current)
<u> </u>	Slope time (main current to secondary current)
<u> </u>	Slope time (secondary current to main current)
EEd	End current time (duration of end current)
[]PE	Gas post-flow time
ndR	Diameter of tungsten electrode / ignition optimisation
	Slope times (spotArc/spotmatic)
	Slope times ($t_{up} \vdash UP$ and $t_{dn} \vdash dn$) in operating modes spotArc and spotmatic (long spot time)
	an Slope times are activated.
	<u>CFF</u> Slope times are deactivated (hidden).



5.3 MMA welding

5.3.1 Connecting the electrode holder and workpiece lead

Risk of crushing and burns!

When changing stick electrodes there is a risk of crushing and burns!

- Wear appropriate and dry protective gloves.
- Use an insulated pair of tongs to remove the used stick electrode or to move welded workpieces.

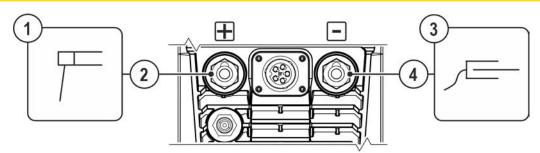


Figure 5-31

ltem	Symbol	Description
1	7	Electrode holder
2		Welding current lead
3	Ţ	Workpiece
4		Workpiece lead

 Insert the electrode holder plug and workpiece lead into the welding current socket depending on application and lock in place by turning to the right. The corresponding polarity will be based on the information of the electrode manufacturer on the electrode packaging.

5.3.2 Setting welding procedure

The following welding task selection is an example of use. In general, the selection process always has the same sequence. Signal lights (LED) will show the selected combination.

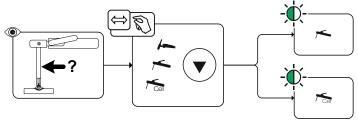
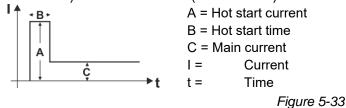


Figure 5-32

5.3.3 Hotstart

The function hot start ensures a secure igniting of the arc and a sufficient heating to the still cold parent metal at the beginning of the welding process. The ignition takes place here with increased current (hot start current) over a certain time (hot start time).



Design and function

MMA welding



5.3.3.1 Hotstart current

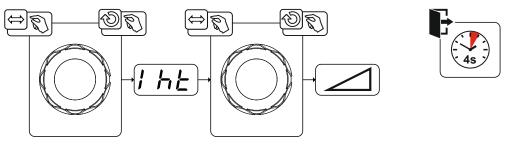


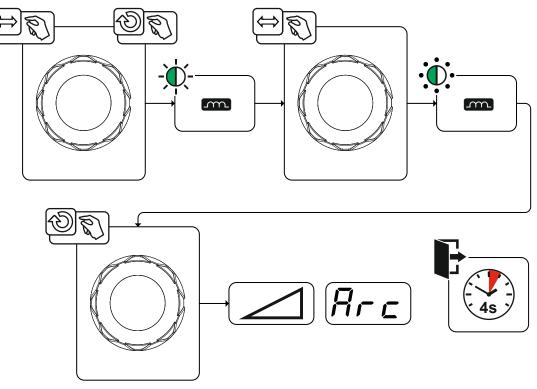
Figure 5-34

5.3.3.2 Hotstart time

The hot start times can be set in the Expert menu > see 5.4.1 chapter.

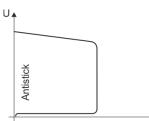
5.3.4 Arcforce

During the welding process, arcforce prevents the electrode sticking in the weld pool with increases in current. This makes it easier to weld large-drop melting electrode types at low current strengths with a short arc in particular.





5.3.5 Antistick



The Antistick feature prevents the electrode from annealing.

Should the electrode stick despite the Arcforce feature, the machine automatically switches to the minimum current within approx. one second. This prevents the electrode from annealing. Check the welding current setting and correct for the welding task in hand.

Figure 5-36





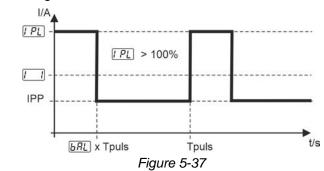
5.3.6 Pulse welding

5.3.6.1 Average value pulse welding

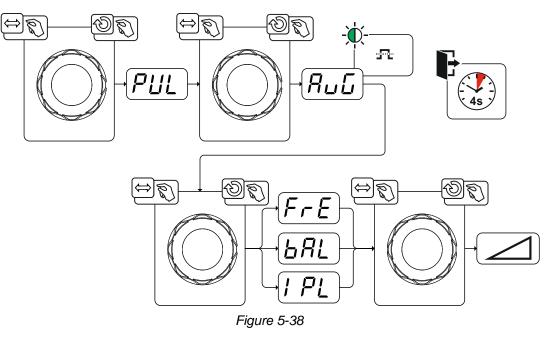
A special feature with average value pulses is that the power source will always maintain the preset average value. This makes this method especially suitable for welding according to welding procedure specifications.

For average value pulsing $\boxed{R_{u}}$, switching takes place periodically between two currents whereby an average current value \boxed{r} , a pulse current \boxed{PL} , pulse balance (\boxed{BRL}) and pulse frequency (\boxed{FrE}) must be specified. The set average current value in amperes is decisive. The pulse current is specified as a percentage of the average value current.

The pulse pause current (IPP) is not set. This value is calculated by the machine control to ensure that the average value of the welding current is maintained.

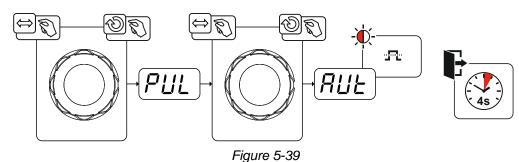


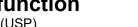
Setting the pulse current, pulse frequency and pulse balance



5.3.6.2 Automated pulses

The current-dependent pulse frequency and balance create vibrations in the weld pool that have a positive effect on the gap bridging. The machine control specifies the required pulse parameters automatically.







5.4 Arc length restriction (USP)

The function of arc length restriction <u>USP</u> stops the welding process when an excessive arc voltage is detected (an unusually large gap between electrode and workpiece). This function can be switched on or off in the Expert menu > see 5.4.1 chapter.

The arc length restriction cannot be used for cel characteristics (if available).

5.4.1 Expert menu (MMA)

The Expert menu has adjustable parameters stored that don't require regular setting. The number of parameters shown may be limited, e.g. if a function is deactivated.

The setting ranges for the parameter values are summarised in the Parameter overview section > see 10.1 chapter.

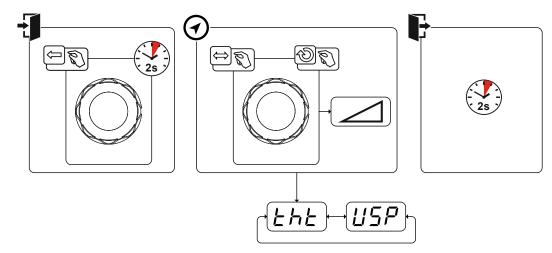


Figure 5-40

Display	Setting/selection
EHE	Hotstart time
$\prod D$	Arc length restriction > see 5.4 chapter
	an Function switched on
	<u>GFF</u> Function switched off

5.5 Remote control

The remote controls are operated on the 19-pole remote control connection socket (analogue).

5.5.1 RTF-X TIG 19Pol



Functions

- Infinitely adjustable welding current (0% to 100%) depending on the main current preselected at the welding machine.
- Welding process start/stop (TIG) •

5.5.2 RTF1 19POL



RT1 19POL



Infinitely adjustable welding current (0% to 100%) depending on the preselected

- main current on the welding machine. Start/stop welding operation (TIG)
- 5.5.3

Functions

Infinitely adjustable welding current (0% to 100%) depending on the preselected main current on the welding machine.



5.5.4 RTG1 19POL



Functions

 Infinite setting of the welding current (0% to 100%) depending on the main current preselected at the welding machine

5.5.5 RTA PWS2



Functions

- Welding current setting (0 % to 100 %)
- Switch for changing the polarity. Only active in machines with pole reversing switch (PWS).
- Setting the Arcforce

5.6 Power-saving mode (Standby)

Using the parameter 5bB in the machine configuration menu, the time for the power-saving mode can be set or the mode can be deactivated > see 5.8 chapter.



When power-saving mode is activated, the machine displays show the horizontal digit in the centre of the display only.

Actuating any operating element (e.g., turning a rotary knob) cancels the power-saving mode and the machine switches back to ready-to-weld mode.

5.7 Access control

The machine control can be locked to prevent unauthorised or accidental adjustments. The access lock has the following effect:

- The parameters and their settings in the machine configuration menu, expert menu and the function sequence can only be viewed but not changed.
- The welding procedure cannot be switched.

The parameters for setting the access block are configured in the machine configuration menu > see 5.8 chapter.

Enabling access block

- Assign the access code for the access block: Select parameter *cod* and select a number code (0– 999).
- Enable access block: Set parameter Loc to access block enabled on.

The access block activation is indicated by the "Access block active" signal light > see 4.2 chapter. **Disabling access block**

- Enter the access code for the access block: Select parameter and enter the previously selected number code (0–999).
- Disable access block: Set parameter Loc to access block disabled <u>*oFF*</u>. The only way to disable the access block is to enter the selected number code.

Design and function Machine configuration menu



5.8 Machine configuration menu

Basic machine settings are defined in the machine configuration menu.

Selecting, changing and saving parameters 5.8.1

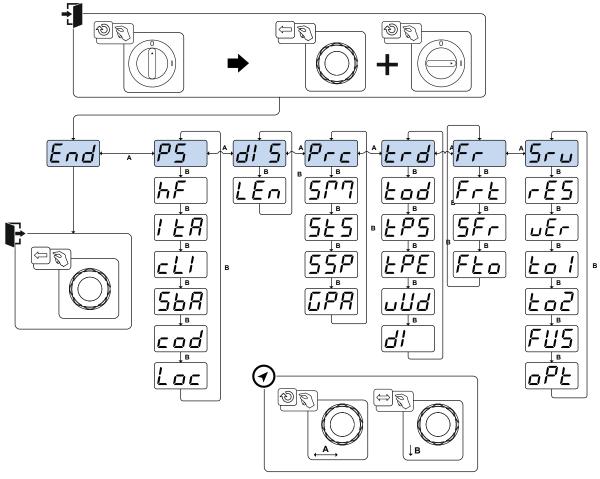


Figure 5-41

Display	Setting/selection		
Ead	Exit the menu		
	Exit		
<i>P5</i>	Power source menu		
6E	Ignition type (TIG)		
	In HF start active (ex works)		
	<u>aFF</u> Lift arc ignition active		
I L D Re-ignition after arc interruption > see 5.2.6.3 chapter			
	Image: Provide the setting		
	Minimum current limit (TIG) > see 5.2.5 chapter		
	Depending on the set tungsten electrode diameter		
	<u>EFF</u> Function disabled		
	en Function enabled (ex works)		
$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$	Time-based power-saving mode > see 5.6 chapter		
	Time to activation of the power-saving mode in case of inactivity.		
	Setting <u><i>aFF</i></u> = disabled or numerical value 5-60 min		
[م م م	Access control – access code		
	Setting: 000 to 999 (000 ex works)		



Display	Setting/selection		
1.00	Access control > see 5.7 chapter		
Loc	an Function enabled		
	GFF Function disabled (ex works)		
d! 5	Machine display menu		
	Setting the system of measurement		
LEn	Length units in mm - metric system (factory setting).		
	נרח] Length units - imperial system.		
Prc	Process menu		
لتتك	spotmatic operating mode > see 5.2.7.5 chapter		
	Ignition by contact with the workpiece		
	En Function enabled (ex works)		
	<u>eFF</u> Function disabled		
SES	Setting the spot time > see 5.2.7.5 chapter		
	an Short spot time (factory setting)		
	\boxed{PF} Long spot time		
155P	Process activation setting > see 5.2.7.5 chapter		
	<i>EFF</i> Permanent process activation		
	Automatic gas post-flow function > see 5.2.4.1 chapter		
LPH	an Function on		
$\Box FF$ Function off (factory setting)			
	Torch configuration menu		
[Erd]	Set welding torch functions		
Lod			
PPS	Alternative welding start – tap-start > see 5.2.7.3 chapter		
	Image: setting Image: setting		
	Alternative welding end - Tap End > see 5.2.7.3 chapter		
[EPE]	an Function enabled.		
	<i>EFF</i> Function disabled (factory setting).		
	Up/down speed > see 5.2.9.3 chapter		
പ്പ	Increase value > rapid current change		
	Decrease value > slow current change		
<u>d</u> /	Current jump > see 5.2.9.4 chapter		
	Current jump setting in ampere		
Fr	Remote control menu		
	Responsiveness > see 5.2.10.1 chapter		
Fre	Lin Linear responsiveness		
	Log Logarithmic responsiveness (factory setting)		
	Start program of foot-operated remote control > see 5.2.10.2 chapter		
SFr	an Function enabled (factory setting).		
	<u>EFF</u> Function disabled.		
	Start / stop operation > see 5.2.10.3 chapter		
FŁo	en Function enabled.		
	<u>EFF</u> Function disabled (factory setting).		

Design and function Machine configuration menu



Display	Setting/selection		
5ru	Service menu Any changes to the service menu should be agreed with the authorised service person- nel.		
<u>r E 5</u>	Reset (resetting to factory settings)		
ωEr	Software version of the machine control Display of the software version (scrolling text).		
Eo I	Operating time/arc time (resettable) Lo 1 Lo 1 Sing the parameter F5). Lo 1 Lo 1 Sing the parameter F5). Lo 1 Sing the parameter F5).		
Łoż	Operating time/arc time (total) <u>Loc</u> Display of the operating time in hours and minutes (total) <u>Loc</u> Display of the arc time in hours and minutes (total)		
FUS	Dynamic power adjustment > see 7.6 chapter		
<u>09</u> 2	Arc detection for welding helmets (TIG) Modulated waviness for better arc detection Function disabled (factory setting) Medium intensity High intensity		



6 Maintenance, care and disposal

6.1 General

4

4

- Risk of injury due to electrical voltage after switching off!
 - Working on an open machine can lead to fatal injuries!
 - Capacitors are loaded with electrical voltage during operation. Voltage remains present for up to four minutes after the mains plug is removed.
 - 1. Switch off machine.
 - 2. Remove the mains plug.
 - 3. Wait for at last 4 minutes until the capacitors have discharged!

MARNING

- Improper maintenance, testing and repairs!
- Maintenance, testing and repair of the machine may only be carried out by skilled and qualified personnel (authorised service personnel). A competent person is someone who, based on training, knowledge and experience, can recognize the hazards and possible consequential damage that may occur when testing power sources and can take the necessary safety precautions.
 - Follow the maintenance instructions > see 6.2 chapter.
 - If any of the test requirements below are not met, the unit must not be put back into operation until it has been repaired and tested again.

Repair and maintenance work may only be performed by qualified authorised personnel; otherwise the right to claim under warranty is void. In all service matters, always consult the dealer who supplied the machine. Return deliveries of defective equipment subject to warranty may only be made through your dealer. When replacing parts, use only original spare parts. When ordering spare parts, please quote the machine type, serial number and item number of the machine, as well as the type designation and item number of the spare parts.

Under the specified ambient conditions and normal working conditions this machine is essentially maintenance-free and requires just a minimum of care.

Contamination of the machine may impair service life and duty cycle. The cleaning intervals depend on the ambient conditions and the resulting contamination of the machine. The minimum interval is every six months.

6.1.1 Cleaning

- Clean the outer surfaces with a moist cloth (no aggressive cleaning agents).
- Purge the machine venting channel and cooling fins (if present) with oil- and water-free compressed air. Compressed air may overspeed and destroy the machine fans. Never direct the compressed air directly at the machine fans. Mechanically block the fans, if required.
- Check the coolant for contaminants and replace, if necessary.

6.1.2 Dirt filter

When using a dirt filter, the cooling air throughput is reduced and the duty cycle of the machine is reduced as a result. The duty cycle decreases with the increasing contamination of the filter. The dirt filter must be remove at regular intervals and cleaned by blowing out with compressed air (depending on the level of soiling).

Maintenance work, intervals



6.2 Maintenance work, intervals

6.2.1 Daily maintenance tasks

Visual inspection

- Mains supply lead and its strain relief
- · Gas cylinder securing elements
- Check hose package and power connections for exterior damage and replace or have repaired by specialist staff as necessary!
- · Gas tubes and their switching equipment (solenoid valve)
- Check that all connections and wearing parts are hand-tight and tighten if necessary.
- Check correct mounting of the wire spool.
- · Wheels and their securing elements
- Transport elements (strap, lifting lugs, handle)
- Other, general condition

Functional test

- · Operating, message, safety and adjustment devices (Functional test)
- Welding current cables (check that they are fitted correctly and secured)
- Gas tubes and their switching equipment (solenoid valve)
- · Gas cylinder securing elements
- Check correct mounting of the wire spool.
- Check that all screw and plug connections and replaceable parts are secured correctly, tighten if necessary.
- Remove any spatter.
- Clean the wire feed rollers on a regular basis (depending on the degree of soiling).

6.2.2 Monthly maintenance tasks

Visual inspection

- Casing damage (front, rear and side walls)
- Wheels and their securing elements
- Transport elements (strap, lifting lugs, handle)
- Check coolant tubes and their connections for impurities

Functional test

- Selector switches, command devices, emergency stop devices, voltage reducing devices, message and control lamps
- Check wire guide elements (wire feed roll holder, wire feed nipple, wire guide tube) for tight fit. Recommendation for replacing the wire feed roll holder (eFeed) after 2000 hours of operation, see replacement parts).
- · Check coolant tubes and their connections for impurities
- Check and clean the welding torch. Deposits in the torch can cause short circuits and have a negative impact on the welding result, ultimately causing damage to the torch.

6.2.3 Annual test (inspection and testing during operation)

A periodic test according to IEC 60974-4 "Periodic inspection and test" has to be carried out. In addition to the regulations on testing given here, the relevant local laws and regulations must also be observed. For more information refer to the "Warranty registration" brochure supplied and our information regarding warranty, maintenance and testing at <u>www.ewm-group.com</u>!



6.3 Disposing of equipment



Proper disposal!

The machine contains valuable raw materials, which should be recycled, and electronic components, which must be disposed of.

- Do not dispose of in household waste!
- Observe the local regulations regarding disposal!

In addition to the national or international regulations mentioned below, it is mandatory to follow the respective national laws and regulations on disposal.

According to European provisions (Directive 2012/19/EU on Waste of Electrical and Electronic Equipment), used electric and electronic equipment may no longer be placed in unsorted municipal waste. It must be collected separately. The symbol depicting a waste container on wheels indicates that the equipment must be collected separately.

This machine has to be disposed of, or recycled, in accordance with the waste separation systems in use.

According to German law (law governing the distribution, taking back and environmentally correct disposal of electrical and electronic equipment (ElektroG)), used machines are to be placed in a collection system separate from unsorted municipal waste. The public waste management utilities (communities) have created collection points at which used equipment from private households can be disposed of free of charge.

The deletion of personal data is the responsibility of the end user.

Lamps, batteries or accumulators must be removed and disposed of separately before disposing of the device. The type of battery or accumulator and its composition is marked on the top (type CR2032 or SR44). The following EWM products may contain batteries or accumulators:

Welding helmets

Batteries or accumulators are easy to remove from the LED cassette.

Device controls

Batteries or accumulators are located on the back of these in corresponding sockets on the circuit board and are easy to remove. The controls can be removed using standard tools.

Information on returning used equipment or collections can be obtained from the respective municipal administration office. Devices can also be returned to EWM sales partners across Europe.

Further information on the topic of the disposal of electrical and electronic equipment can be found on our website at: https://www.ewm-group.com/de/nachhaltigkeit.html.



7 Rectifying faults

All products are subject to rigorous production checks and final checks. If, despite this, something fails to work at any time, please check the product using the following flowchart. If none of the fault rectification procedures described leads to the correct functioning of the product, please inform your authorised dealer.

7.1 Software version of the machine control

The query of the software versions only serves to inform the authorised service staff. It is available in the machine configuration menu > see 5.8 chapter.

7.2 Error messages (power source)

The possible error numbers displayed depend on the machine series and version! Depending on the options of the machine display, a fault is shown as follows:

Display type - machine control	Display
Graphic display	4
two 7-segment displays	Err
one 7-segment display	E

The possible cause of the fault is signalled by a corresponding fault number (see table). In the case of an error, the power unit shuts down.

- Document machine errors and inform service staff as necessary.
- If multiple errors occur, these are displayed in succession.

Reset error (category legend)

- ^A The error message disappears when the error is eliminated.
- ^B The error message can be reset by pressing a push-button **4**.

All other error messages can only be reset by switching the machine off and on again.

Error 3: Tacho error

Categories A, B

- ✓ Fault in the wire feeder.
 - ★ Check the electrical connections (connectors, lines).
- ✓ Permanent overload of the wire drive.
 - 🛠 Do not lay the liner in tight radii.
 - ***** Check the wire in the liner for ease of movement.

Error 4: Excess temperature

Category A

- ✓ The power source is overheating.
 - ℜ Allow the switched-on machine to cool.
- ✓ Fan is blocked, dirty or faulty.
 - \boldsymbol{x} Check the fan and clean or replace.
- ✓ Air inlet or outlet is blocked.
 - ℜ Check the air inlet and outlet.

Error 5: Mains overvoltage

Category A^[1]

- ✗ Mains voltage is too high.
 - **%** Check the mains voltages and compare them with the connection voltages of the power source.



Error 6: Mains undervoltage

Category A^[1]

- ✗ Mains voltage is too low.
 - * Check the mains voltages and compare them with the connection voltages of the power source.

Error 7: Low coolant level

Category B

- ✓ Low flow rate.
 - ℜ Fill with coolant.
 - * Check coolant flow remove kinks in the hose package.
 - ★ Adjust the flow threshold ^[2].
 - ℜ Clean the cooler.
- ✓ Pump does not turn.
 - 🛠 Turn the pump shaft.
- Air in the coolant circuit.
 - 🛠 Vent the coolant circuit.
- ✓ The hose package is not filled with coolant.
 - \boldsymbol{x} Switch the machine off and on > pump running > filling process.
- ✗ Operation with a gas-cooled welding torch.
 - ✤ Deactivate the torch cooling.
 - **%** Connect the coolant feed and return with a hose bridge.

Error 8: Shielding gas error

Categories A, B

- 🖌 No gas.
 - ☆ Check the gas supply.
- ✓ The pre-pressure is too low.
 - Remove kinks in the hose package (nominal value: 4-6 bar pre-pressure).

Error 9: Secondary overvoltage

- ✓ Overvoltage at the output: Inverter error.
 - * Request service.

Error 10: Earth fault (PE error)

- ✗ Connection between welding wire and machine casing.
 - \boldsymbol{x} Remove the electrical connection.
- ✓ Connection between welding circuit and machine casing.
 - \boldsymbol{x} Check the connection and routing of the earth wire / welding torch.

Error 11: Fast shutdown

Categories A, B

- ✓ Remove the logical signal "Robot ready" during the process.
 - **%** Eliminate errors in the higher-level control.



Error 16: Pilot arc power source - collective error

Category A

- ✗ The external emergency stop circuit has been interrupted.
 - \boldsymbol{x} Check the emergency stop circuit and eliminate the cause of the error.
- ✓ The emergency stop circuit of the power source has been activated (internally configurable).
 - ***** Deactivate the emergency stop circuit.
- ✗ The power source is overheating.
 - ℜ Allow the switched-on machine to cool.
- ✗ Fan is blocked, dirty or faulty.
 - \boldsymbol{x} Check the fan and clean or replace.
- ✓ Air inlet or outlet is blocked.
 - \boldsymbol{x} Check the air inlet and outlet.
- ✗ Short circuit on welding torch.
 - **%** Check the welding torch.
 - ***** Request service.

Error 17: Cold wire error

Category B

- ✗ Fault in the wire feeder.
 - * Check the electrical connections (connectors, lines).
- ✓ Permanent overload of the wire drive.
 - 🛠 Do not lay the liner in tight radii.
 - ℜ Check the liner for ease of movement.

Error 18: Plasma gas error

Category B

- 🖌 No gas.
 - ☆ Check the gas supply.
- \checkmark The pre-pressure is too low.
 - **%** Remove kinks in the hose package (nominal value: 4-6 bar pre-pressure).

Error 19: Shielding gas error

Category B

- 💉 No gas.
 - ☆ Check the gas supply.
- ✓ The pre-pressure is too low.
 - * Remove kinks in the hose package (nominal value: 4-6 bar pre-pressure).



Error 20: Low coolant level

Category B

- Low flow rate.
 - ℜ Fill with coolant.
 - ☆ Check coolant flow remove kinks in the hose package.
 - ℜ Adjust the flow threshold ^[2].
 - ☆ Clean the cooler.
- ✓ Pump does not turn.
 - ☆ Turn the pump shaft.
- Air in the coolant circuit.
 - ℜ Vent the coolant circuit.
- ✓ The hose package is not filled with coolant.
 - \star Switch the machine off and on > pump running > filling process.
- ✓ Operation with a gas-cooled welding torch.
 - ✤ Deactivate the torch cooling.
 - ★ Connect the coolant feed and return with a hose bridge.

Error 22: Excess coolant temperature

Category B

- ✗ Coolant is overheating ^[2].
 - \boldsymbol{x} Allow the switched-on machine to cool.
- ✓ Fan is blocked, dirty or faulty.
 - ℜ Check, clean or replace the fan.
- ✓ Air inlet or outlet is blocked.
 - ℜ Check the air inlet and outlet.

Error 23: Excess temperature

Category A

- ✓ External component (e.g. HF ignition units) overheated.
- ✓ The power source is overheating.
 - \boldsymbol{x} Allow the switched-on machine to cool.
- ✓ Fan is blocked, dirty or faulty.
 - ℜ Check the fan and clean or replace.
- ✓ Air inlet or outlet is blocked.
 - ℜ Check the air inlet and outlet.

Error 24: Pilot arc ignition error

Category B

- ✓ The pilot arc cannot ignite.
 - ℜ Check the welding torch equipment.

Fault 25: Forming gas error

Category B

💉 No gas.

- ☆ Check the gas supply.
- ✓ The pre-pressure is too low.
 - ★ Remove kinks in the hose package (nominal value: 4-6 bar pre-pressure).



Error 26: Excess pilot arc module temperature

Category A

- ✓ The power source is overheating.
 - ℜ Allow the switched-on machine to cool.
- ✓ Fan is blocked, dirty or faulty.
 - \boldsymbol{x} Check the fan and clean or replace.
- ✓ Air inlet or outlet is blocked.
 - \boldsymbol{x} Check the air inlet and outlet.

Error 32: Error I>0

- ✗ Current recording is faulty.
 - * Request service.

Error 33: Error UIST

- ✗ Voltage recording is faulty.
 - **%** Eliminate the short circuit in the welding circuit.
 - ℜ Remove the external sensor voltage.
 - Request service.

Error 34: Electronics error

- ✓ A/D channel error
 - \boldsymbol{x} Switch the machine off and on.
 - * Request service.

Error 35: Electronics error

- ✓ Slope error
 - ℜ Switch the machine off and on.
 - * Request service.

Error 36: Serror

- ✗ S conditions violated.
 - **%** Switch the machine off and on.
 - ***** Request service.

Error 37: Excess temperature / electronics error

- ✓ The power source is overheating.
 - \boldsymbol{x} Allow the switched-on machine to cool.
- ✓ Fan is blocked, dirty or faulty.
 - ℜ Check the fan and clean or replace.
- ✓ Air inlet or outlet is blocked.
 - ℜ Check the air inlet and outlet.

Error 38: Error IIST

- ✗ Short circuit in the welding circuit before welding.
 - **%** Eliminate the short circuit in the welding circuit.
 - ***** Request service.

Error 39: Electronics error

- ✗ Secondary overvoltage
 - \boldsymbol{x} Switch the machine off and on.
 - Request service.



Error 40: Electronics error

✓ Error I>0

***** Request service.

Error 47: Radio link (BT)

Category B

- ✗ Connection error between welding machine and peripheral unit.
 - \mathbf{x} Note the documentation for the data interface with radio transmission.

Error 48: Ignition error

Category B

- ✓ No ignition at process start (automated machines).
 - ℜ Check the wire feeding
 - \boldsymbol{x} Check the load cable connections in the welding circuit.
 - lpha Clean corroded surfaces on the workpiece before welding if necessary.

Error 49: Arc interruption

Category B

- ✓ An arc interruption occurred during welding with an automated system.
 - ***** Check the wire feeding.
 - ☆ Adjust the welding speed.

Error 50: Program number

Category B

- ✓ Internal error.
 - ***** Request service.

Error 51: Emergency stop

Category A

- ✓ The external emergency stop circuit has been interrupted.
 - * Check the emergency stop circuit and eliminate the cause of the error.
- ✓ The emergency stop circuit of the power source has been activated (internally configurable).
 - ✤ Deactivate the emergency stop circuit.

Error 52: No wire feeder

✓ After switching on the automated system, no wire feeder (DV) was detected.

- ☆ Check or connect the control cables of the wire feeders.
- Check the identification number of the automated wire feeder (for 1DV: number 1, for 2DV: each a wire feeder with number 1 and a wire feeder with number 2).

Error 53: No wire feeder 2

Category B

- ✓ Wire feeder 2 was not detected.
 - \boldsymbol{x} Check the control cable connections.

Error 54: VRD error

- ✓ Error in the open-circuit voltage reduction.
 - \boldsymbol{x} If necessary, disconnect the external machine from the welding circuit.
 - * Request service.

Error 55: Excess wire feeder current

Category B

- ✓ Excess current detected in the wire feed mechanism.
 - ✤ Do not lay the liner in tight radii.
 - ☆ Check the liner for ease of movement.



Error 56: Mains phase failure

- ✓ One phase of the mains voltage has failed.
 - lpha Check the mains connection, mains plug and mains fuses.

Error 57: Slave tacho error

Category B

- ✓ Fault in the wire feeder (slave drive).
 - ☆ Check the connections (connectors, lines).
- ✓ Permanent overload of the wire drive (slave drive).
 - ✤ Do not lay the liner in tight radii.
 - ℜ Check the liner for ease of movement.

Error 58: Short circuit

Category B

- ✗ Short circuit in the welding circuit.
 - **%** Eliminate the short circuit in the welding circuit.
 - **%** Place the welding torch on an insulated surface.

Error 59: Incompatible machine

- ✓ A machine connected to the system is not compatible.
 - \boldsymbol{x} Disconnect the incompatible machine from the system.

Error 60: Incompatible software

- ✓ The software of a machine is not compatible.
 - ✤ Disconnect the incompatible machine from the system
 - ***** Request service.

Error 61: Welding monitoring

- ✓ The actual value of a welding parameter is outside the specified tolerance range.
 - ℜ Maintain the tolerance ranges.
 - ℜ Adjust the welding parameters.

Error 62: System component

- ✓ The system component was not found.
 - 🛠 Request service.

Error 63: Mains voltage error

- ✓ Operating and mains voltage are incompatible.
 - ***** Check or adjust the operating and mains voltage.
- ^[1] only Picotig 220 pulse
- ^[2] See technical data for values and other switching thresholds > see 8 chapter.



7.3 Warnings

Depending on the display options of the machine display, a warning message is displayed as follows:

Display type - machine control	Display
Graphic display	\wedge
two 7-segment displays	REE
one 7-segment display	R

The cause of the warning is indicated by a corresponding warning number (see table).

- In case of multiple warnings, these are displayed in sequence.
- Document machine warning and inform service personnel, if required.

Warning		Potential cause / remedy	
1	Excess temperature	A shutdown is imminent due to excess temperature.	
2	Half-wave failures	Check process parameters.	
3	Welding torch cooling warning	Check the coolant level and top up if necessary.	
4	Shielding gas	Check the shielding gas supply.	
5	Coolant flow	Check min. flow rate. ^[2]	
6	Wire reserve	Only a small amount of wire is left on the spool.	
7	CAN bus failure	The wire feeder is not connected; the automatic circuit-breaker of the wire feed motor (reset the tripped automatic circuit brea- ker by actuating).	
8	Welding circuit	The inductance of the welding circuit is too high for the selected welding task.	
9	WF configuration	Check WF configuration.	
10	Partial inverter	One of several partial inverters is not supplying welding current.	
11	Excess temperature of the coo- lant ^[1]	Check temperature and switching thresholds. ^[2]	
12	Welding monitoring	The actual value of a welding parameter is outside the specified tolerance range.	
13	Contact error	The resistance in the welding circuit is too high. Check the earth connection.	
14	Alignment error	Switch the machine off and on. If the error persists, notify Ser- vice.	
15	Mains fuse	The power limit of the mains fuse is reached and the welding power is reduced. Check the fuse setting.	
16	Shielding gas warning	Check the gas supply.	
17	Plasma gas warning	Check the gas supply.	
18	Forming gas warning	Check the gas supply.	
19	Gas warning 4	reserved	
20	Coolant temperature warning	Check the coolant level and top up if necessary.	
21	Excess temperature 2	reserved	
22	Excess temperature 3	reserved	
23	Excess temperature 4	reserved	

Rectifying faults Checklist for rectifying faults



arnin	g	Potential cause / remedy
24	Coolant flow warning	Check the coolant supply. Check the coolant level and top up if necessary. Check flow and switching thresholds. ^[2]
25	Flow 2	reserved
26	Flow 3	reserved
27	Flow 4	reserved
28	Wire stock warning	Check the wire feeding.
29	Low wire 2	reserved
30	Low wire 3	reserved
31	Low wire 4	reserved
32	Tacho error	Fault of the wire feeder - permanent overload of the wire drive.
33	Wire feed motor excess current	Excess current detected on wire feed motor.
34	JOB unknown	JOB selection was not carried out because the JOB number is unknown.
35	Wire feed motor slave excess current	Excess current detected on wire feed motor slave (push/push system or intermediate drive).
36	Slave tacho error	Fault of the wire feeder - permanent overload of the wire drive (push/push system or intermediate drive).
37	FAST bus failure	The wire feeder is not connected (reset by actuating the auto- matic circuit breaker of the wire feed motor).
38	Incomplete component infor- mation	Check the Xnet component management.
39	Halfwave failure	Check supply voltage.
40	Weak power grid	Check supply voltage.
41	Cooling unit not recognised	 A liquid-cooled welding torch was connected but no cooling uni has been detected. Check the connection of the cooling unit Use a gas-cooled welding torch
	Battery (remote control, type BT)	Battery level is low (replace battery)

^[1] only for the XQ machine series

^[2] See technical data for values and other switching thresholds > see 8 chapter.

7.4 **Checklist for rectifying faults**

The correct machine equipment for the material and process gas in use is a fundamental requirement for perfect operation!

Legend	Symbol	Description
	*	Fault/Cause
	*	Remedy

Mains fuse triggers

✓ Mains fuse triggers - unsuitable mains fuse

Set up recommended mains fuse > see 8 chapter. X



Functional errors

- ✓ Several parameters cannot be set (machines with access block)
 - ★ Entry level is blocked, disable access lock > see 5.7 chapter
- ✗ All machine control signal lights are illuminated after switching on
- $\boldsymbol{\varkappa}$ No machine control signal light is illuminated after switching on
- ✓ No welding power
 - Phase failure > check mains connection (fuses)
- ✗ Connection problems
 - lpha Make control lead connections and check that they are fitted correctly.
- ✗ Loose welding current connections
 - ★ Tighten power connections on the torch and/or on the workpiece
 - ☆ Tighten contact tip correctly

No arc ignition

- ✓ Incorrect ignition type setting.
 - ☆ Ignition type: Select "HF start". Depending on the machine, the setting is defined by the changeover switch for ignition types or the hF parameter in one of the machine menus (see the "Control operating instructions", if applicable).

Bad arc ignition

- ✔ Material inclusions in the tungsten electrode due to contact with filler material or workpiece
 - **%** Regrind or replace the tungsten electrode
- ✗ Bad current transfer on ignition
 - ☆ Check the setting on the "Tungsten electrode diameter/Ignition optimisation" rotary dial and increase if necessary (higher ignition energy).

Welding torch overheated

- ✓ Loose welding current connections
 - ★ Tighten power connections on the torch and/or on the workpiece
 - ★ Tighten contact tip correctly
- ✓ Overload
 - ℜ Check and correct welding current setting
 - ℜ Use a more powerful welding torch

Unstable arc

- ✓ Material inclusions in the tungsten electrode due to contact with filler material or workpiece
 - **%** Regrind or replace the tungsten electrode
- ✗ Incompatible parameter settings
 - ☆ Check settings and correct if necessary

Pore formation

- ✗ Inadequate or missing gas shielding
 - lpha Check shielding gas setting and replace shielding gas cylinder if necessary
 - Shield welding site with protective screens (draughts affect the welding result)
 - lpha Use gas lens for aluminium applications and high-alloy steels
- ✓ Unsuitable or worn welding torch equipment
 - \boldsymbol{x} Check size of gas nozzle and replace if necessary
- ✗ Condensation in the gas tube
 - ℜ Purge hose package with gas or replace

Voltage reducing device



7.5 Voltage reducing device

The voltage reduction device (VRD) is used to increase safety, especially in dangerous environments (such as shipbuilding, pipeline construction, mining).

The use of a voltage reduction device is mandatory in some countries and specified in many in-house safety regulations for welding power sources.

The VRD > see 4.2 chapter signal light lights up when the voltage reducing device is working properly and the output voltage has been reduced to the values specified in the relevant standard (technical data > see 8 chapter).

7.6 Dynamic power adjustment

This requires use of the appropriate mains fuse.

Observe mains fuse specification > see 8 chapter!

This function enables aligning the machine to the mains connection fusing to avoid continuous tripping of the mains fuse. The maximum power input of the machine is limited by an exemplary value for the existing mains fuse (several levels available).

You can predefine this value in the machine configuration menu > see 5.8 chapter using parameter FUS. The selected value will be shown on the machine display CRL for two seconds after the machine has been switched on.

The function automatically adjusts the welding power to an uncritical level for the mains fuse.

When using a 20-A mains fuse, a suitable mains plug has to be installed by a qualified electrician.

7.7 Resetting welding parameters to the factory settings

All customised welding parameters that are stored will be replaced by the factory settings.

To reset the welding parameters or machine settings to the factory settings, select parameter $\overline{rE5}$ in the service menu $5r\omega$ > see 5.8 chapter.



8 Technical data

Performance specifications and guarantee only in connection with original spare and replacement parts!

8.1 Picotig 220 puls DC 5P

8.1.1 Mains voltage 230 V

	TIG	MMA		
Welding current (I ₂)	5 A to 220 A	5 A to 190 A		
Welding voltage according to standard (U ₂)	10,2 V to 18,8 V	20,2 V to 27,6 V		
Duty cycle DC at 40° C ^[1]	220 A (40 %)	190 A (35 %)		
	190 A (60 %)	155 A (60 %)		
	160 A (100 %)	125 A (100 %)		
Open circuit voltage (U₀)	97	Υ V		
Mains voltage (Tolerance)	1 x 230 V (-40) % to +15 %)		
Frequency	50/6	0 Hz		
mains fuse ^[2]	1 x ⁻	16 A		
Mains connection cable	H07RN-	-F3G2,5		
max. Connected load (S1)	4,9 kVA	6,2 kVA		
Rec. Generator rating	6,6 kVA	8,4 kVA		
Power consumption P _i ^[3]	10 W			
Cos φ / efficiency	0,99 /	84 %		
Protection class	Ι			
Overvoltage category	III			
Contamination level		3		
Insulation class / protection classification	H/I	P 23		
Residual current circuit breaker	Type B (rec	ommended)		
Noise level [4]	<70 c	dB(A)		
Ambient temperature	-25 °C to	o +40 °C		
Machine cooling	Fan	(AF)		
Torch cooling	ga	as		
Workpiece lead (min.)	35 r	nm²		
EMC class	l l	ł		
Test mark	s/ ce	/ EAE / 24		
Standards used	See declaration of conformity (appliance documents)			
Dimensions (I x b x h)	454 x 165 x 321 mm			
	17.9 x 6.5	x 12.6 inch		
Weight	10	kg		
	22 lb			

^[1] Load cycle: 10 min. (60 % DC \triangleq 6 min. welding, 4 min. pause)

^[2] Safety fuses are recommended DIAZED xxA gG. When using automatic cutouts, the "C" trigger characteristic must be used.

- ^[3] Power in idle state without external or internal peripherals.
- ^[4] Noise level during idle mode and operation under standard load according to IEC 60974-1 at the maximum operating point.



8.1.2 Mains voltage 120 V

The performance specifications refer to machines with several mains voltage variants (multivolt capability). Please note the information on the relevant rating plate.

The increased current consumption at a lower mains voltage requires the installation of a suitable mains plug > see 5.1.7 chapter.

	TIG	MMA		
Welding current (I ₂)	5 A to 170 A	5 A to 120 A		
Welding voltage according to standard (U ₂)	10,2 V to 16,8 V	20,2 V to 24,8 V		
Duty cycle DC at 40° C ^[1]	170 A (40 %)	120 A (40 %)		
	150 A (60 %)	100 A (60 %)		
	120 A (100 %)	85 A (100 %)		
Open circuit voltage (U ₀)	97	'V		
Mains voltage (Tolerance)	1 x 120 V (-15	5 % to +15 %)		
Frequency	50/6	0 Hz		
mains fuse ^[2]	1 x 2	20 A		
Mains connection cable	H07RN-	-F3G2,5		
max. Connected load (S1)	3,4 kVA	3,5 kVA		
Rec. Generator rating	4,6 kVA	4,7 kVA		
Power consumption P _i ^[3]	10	W		
Cos φ / efficiency	0,99 /	84 %		
Protection class	Ι			
Overvoltage category	III			
Contamination level		3		
Insulation class / protection classification	H/I	P 23		
Residual current circuit breaker	Type B (rec	ommended)		
Noise level ^[4]	<70 c	dB(A)		
Ambient temperature	-25 °C to	o +40 °C		
Machine cooling	Fan	(AF)		
Torch cooling	ga	as		
Workpiece lead (min.)	50 r	nm²		
EMC class	l l	Ą		
Test mark	S/CE	/ EAE / 24		
Standards used	See declaration of conform	nity (appliance documents)		
Dimensions (I x b x h)	454 x 165 x 321 mm			
	17.9 x 6.5	x 12.6 inch		
Weight	10 kg			
	22	lb		

^[1] Load cycle: 10 min. (60 % DC \triangleq 6 min. welding, 4 min. pause)

- ^[2] Safety fuses are recommended DIAZED xxA gG. When using automatic cutouts, the "C" trigger characteristic must be used.
- ^[3] Power in idle state without external or internal peripherals.
- ^[4] Noise level during idle mode and operation under standard load according to IEC 60974-1 at the maximum operating point.



9 Accessories

Performance-dependent accessories like torches, workpiece leads, electrode holders or intermediate hose packages are available from your authorised dealer.

9.1 Shielding gas supply (shielding gas cylinder for welding machine)

Туре	Designation	Item no.
Proreg Ar/CO2 230bar 15I D	Pressure regulator with manometer	394-008488-10015
Proreg Ar/CO2 230bar 30I D	Pressure regulator with manometer	394-008488-10030
DM 842 Ar/CO2 230bar 15I D	Pressure regulator with manometer	394-002910-00015
GH 2X1/4" 2M	Gas hose	094-000010-00001
GH 2x1/4" 3m	Gas hose	094-000010-00003
GH 2X1/4" 5m	Gas hose	094-000010-00005
GH 2X1/4" 10 m	Gas hose	094-000010-00011
GH 2X1/4" 15m	Gas hose	094-000010-00015

9.2 Transport system

Туре	Designation	ltem no.
Trolly 35-1	Transport vehicle	090-008629-00000

9.3 19-pole remote control

Туре	Designation	Item no.
RT1 19POL	Remote control current	090-008097-00000
RTG1 19POL 5m	Remote control, current	090-008106-00000
RTG1 19POL 10m	Remote control, current	090-008106-00010
RTF1 19POL 5 M	Foot-operated remote control current with connec- tion cable	094-006680-00000
RTF-X TIG 19pol 5 m	Foot-operated remote control, current, with connec- tion cable	090-008855-00005
RTA PWS2	Remote control, welding current setting (0 % to 100 %), pole reversing switch, setting Arcforce	090-008856-00000

9.3.1 Connection cables

Туре	Designation	Item no.
RA5 19POL 5M	Remote control e.g. connection cable	092-001470-00005
RA10 19POL 10m	Remote control e.g. connection cable	092-001470-00010
RA20 19POL 20m	Remote control e.g. connection cable	092-001470-00020

9.4 Option for retrofitting

Туре	Designation	Item no.
ON Filter TG.12	Dirt filter for the air inlet	092-004516-00000
ON TG	Carrying strap	092-004310-00000
ON AL D13/27	Cap for load sockets	092-003282-00000

9.5 General accessories

Туре	Designation	ltem no.
SKGS 16A 250V CEE7/7, DIN 49440/441	Protective contact plug, solid rubber	094-001756-00000
ADAP CEE16/SCHUKO	Earth contact coupling/CEE16A plug	092-000812-00000
KLF-L1-N-PE-NETZ	Mains-cable label	094-014869-00001



10 Appendix

10.1 Parameter overview – setting ranges

10.1.1 TIG welding

lis.	Parameter / function	Setting range				
Welding data dis- play		Standard (factory set)	Min.		Max.	Unit
6Pr	Gas pre-flow time	0,5	0	-	20	s
1 SE	Start current	50	1	-	200	%
ESE	Start time	0	0		20	s
EUP	Up-slope time	1	0	-	20	s
11	Main current	100	5	-	220	А
E5 1	Slope time (main current to secondary current)	0	0	-	20	s
12	Secondary current	50	1	-	200	%
E52	Slope time (secondary current to main current)	0	0		20	s
Edn	Down-slope time	1	0	-	20	s
1 E d	End current	20	1	-	200	%
EEd	End current time	0	0	-	20	s
GPE	Gas post-flow time	8	0	-	20	s
ndR	Diameter of the tungsten electrode	2,4	1,0		3,2	mm
Łod	Torch mode	1	1	-	4	-
มปป	Up/down speed	10	1	-	100	-
dl	Current jump	10	1	-	20	А
PUL	Pulse welding (Rub)	off	-	-	-	-
FrE	Pulse frequency - (average value pulsing Rul)	2,0	0,2	-	2000	Hz
ЬAL	Pulse balance - (average value pulsing Rul)	50	1	-	99	%
I PL	Pulse current - (average value pulsing 🕮	140	1	-	200	%
RUE	Automated pulsing (RUE)	-	-	-	-	-
560	Slope times (spotArc/spotmatic)	off	off	-	on	-
1 E A	Re-ignite after arc interruption	5,0	off	-	5,0	s
ĿΡ	Spot time - spotArc®	2,0	0,1	-	20,0	s
E P	Spot time - spotmatic - $(5 \pm 5 > aFF)$	2,0	0,1	-	20,0	s
ΕP	Spot time - spotmatic - $(5 \pm 5 > an)$	200	5	-	995	ms



10.1.2 MMA welding

.	Parameter / function	Setting range				
Welding data dis- play		Standard (factory set)	Min.		Max.	Unit
1 hE	Hot start current	120	1	-	200	%
EHE	Hot start time	0,5	0,1	-	20,0	s
<i>I I</i>	Main current	100	5	-	190	А
PUL	Pulse welding	off	off	-	AvG	-
FrE	Pulse frequency	1,2	0,2	-	500	Hz
ЬAL	Pulse balance	30	1	-	99	%
I PL	Pulse current	142	1	-	200	%
Arc.	Arcforce correction	0	-10	-	10	-

10.1.3 Basic parameters (independent of process)

<u> s</u>	Parameter / function	Setting range					
Welding data dis- play		Standard (factory set)	Min.		Max.	Unit	
hF	Ignition mode switching	on	off	-	on	-	
5 <i>5</i> 8	Time-based energy-saving function	20	off	-	60	min	
FUS	Dynamic power adjustment (230V)	16	10	-	20	Α	
_	Dynamic power adjustment (120V)	20	10	-	20	А	
oPE	Arc detection for welding helmets (TIG)	0	0	-	2	-	

10.2 Average shielding gas usage

00	Gas nozzle number	4	5	6	7	8	10	
H	ø _{mm}	6.5	8.0	9.5	11	12.5	16	
	Ø inch	0.26	0.31	0.37	0.43	0.5	0.63	
l/min		6	8	10	12		15	
gal/min		1.58	2.11	2.64	3.17		3.96	



10.3 Searching for a dealer

Sales & service partners www.ewm-group.com/en/specialist-dealers



"More than 400 EWM sales partners worldwide"